Bedford Inquirer.

A Weekly Paper, Devoted to Literature, Politics, the Arts, Sciences, Agriculture, &c., &c---Terms: One Dollar and Fifty Cents in Advance.

BY DAVID OVER. BEDFORD, PA., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1860. VOL. 33, NO. 44.

GENERAL ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

PURSUANT TO AN ACT OF GENERAL Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act relating to the Elections of this Commonwealth," approved the second day of July, Anno Domini, one thousand eight hundred and thirty nine. I, WILLIAM S. FLUKE, High Sheriff of the County of Bedford, Pennsylvania, do hereby make known, and give notice to the Electors of the County aforesaid, that a GENERAL ELECTION will be held in said County, of Bedford, Pennsylvania, on the

Tuesday after the first Monday, being the 6th day of November, 1860,

At which time, and the places designated, the qualified electors will elect by ballot,

TWENTY-SEVEN ELECTORS

for the State of Pennsylvania, to oast the vote of said State, for President and Vice President of the United States.

I also hereby make known, and give notice, that the places of holding the aforesaid General Election, in the several Boroughs and Townships within the County of Bedford, are as follows, to wit:

The Electors of the Borough of Bedford and Township of Bedford to meet at the Court House in said Borough.

The Electors of Broadtop township to meet at the School House in Hopewell.

The Electors of Colerain Township to meet at the house lately occupied by Benjamin Kegg, in Rainsburg, in said Township.

The electors of Cumberland Valley Township to meet at the new School House elected on the land owned by John Whip's heirs in said Township.

The Electors of Harrison Township to meet at shool house No. 5, near the dwelling house of Henry Keyser in said Township.

The Electors of Junita Township to meet at Keyser's school House in said Township.

The Electors of Hopewell Township to meet at the school House near the house of John Dasher in said Township.

The Electors of Londonderry Township to meet at the house now occupied by Wm. H. Hill as a shop, in Bridgeport, in said Township.

The Electors of the Township of Liberty to meet at the school House in Stonerstown in said Township.

The Electors of Monroe Township to meet at the house lately occupied by James Carnel, in Clearville, in said Township.

The Electors of Napier Township and Schellsburg Borough to meet at the brick school House in the Borough of Schellsburg.

The Electors of East Providence Township to meet at the house lately occupied by John Nycum, Jr., innkeeper, in said Township.

The Electors of Snake Spring Township to meet at the School House near the Methodist Church, on lands of John G. Hartley.

The Electors of West Providence Township to meet at the new log School House at Bloody Run in said township.

The Electors of St. Clair Township to meet at the store near the dwelling house of Gideon Trout, in said township.

The Electors of Union Township to meet at the school house near Mowry's Mill in said township.

The Electors of Southampton Township to meet at the house of William Adams in said Township.

The Electors of the Township of Middle Woodberry to meet at the house of Henry Fluke, in the village of Woodberry.

The Electors of South Woodberry Township to meet at the house of Samuel Oster in said township.

The election to be opened between the hours of 7 and 8 o'clock in the forenoon, by a public proclamation, and to keep open until seven o'clock in eq evening, when the polls shall be closed.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN:

That every person, excepting Justices of the Peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the United States, or of this State or any city or corporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent, who is or shall be employed under the legislative, executive or Judiciary department of this State, or of any city, or of any incorporated district and also; that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature, and of the select or common council of any city or Commissioners of incorporated district is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the time the office or appointment of Judge, inspector or clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no inspector, judge, or other officer of such election shall be eligible to be then voted for.

And the said act of Assembly, entitled "an act relating to elections of this Commonwealth," passed July 3, 1839, further provides as follows, to wit:

"That the inspectors and judges shall meet at the respective places appointed for holding the election in the district at which they respectively belong, before eight o'clock in the morning of the 2d Tuesday of October, and each said inspector shall appoint one clerk, who shall be a qualified oter of such district.

"In case the person who shall have received the highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend on the day of any election, then the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for Judge at the next preceding election, shall act as inspector in his place. And in case the person who has received the highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend, the person elected Judge shall appoint an inspector in his place, and in case the person elected Judge shall not attend, then the inspector who received the highest number of votes shall appoint a judge in his place; and if any vacancy shall continue in the board for the space of one hour after the time fixed by law for the opening of the election, the qualified voters for the township, ward or district for which such officers shall have been elected, present at the election, shall elect one of their number to fill such a vacancy.

"It shall be the duty of the several assessors respectively to attend at the place of holding every general, special, or township election during the whole time said election is kept open, for the purpose of given information to the inspectors, and judge, when called on, in relation to the right of any person assessed by them to vote at such election, and on such other matters in relation to the assessment of voters, as the said inspectors or either of them shall from time to time require.

"No person shall be permitted to vote, at any election as aforesaid, than a white freeman of the age of twenty one or more, who shall have resided in this State at least one year, and in the election district where he offers to vote ten days immediately preceding such election and within two years paid a State or County tax which shall have been assessed at least ten days before the election. But a citizen of the United States who has previously been a qualified voter of this State and removed therefrom and returned, and who shall have resided in the election district and paid taxes, aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote after residing in this State six months: Provided, That the white freemen, citizens of the United States between the ages of twenty-one and twenty-two years, who have resided in the election district ten days as aforesaid shall be entitled to vote, although they shall not have paid tax.

"No person shall be admitted to vote whose name is not contained in the list of taxable inhabitants furnished by the Commissioners, unless; First, he produce a receipt of payment, within two years of State or County tax assessed agreeably to the constitution, and give satisfactory evidence on his own oath or affirmation of another that he has paid such a tax, or in a failure to produce a receipt shall make oath to the payment thereof, or Second, if he claim a right to vote by being an elector between the age twenty-one and twenty-two years shall depose on oath or affirmation, that he resided in the State at least one year next before his application, and make such proof of residence in the district as required by this act, and that he does verily believe, from the account given him that he is of the age aforesaid, and give such other evidence as is required by this act; whereupon the name of the person so admitted to vote shall be inserted in the alphabetical list by the inspector, and a note made opposite thereto by writing the word "tax," if he shall be admitted to vote by reason of having paid tax, or the word "age," if he shall be admitted to vote by reason of age, and either case the reason of such a vote shall be called out to the clerks, who shall make the like note in the list of voters kept by them.

"In all cases where the name of the person claiming to vote is not found on the list furnished by the commissioners, and assessors, or his right to vote whether found thereon or not, is objected to by any qualified citizen, it shall be the duty of the inspectors to examine such person on oath as to his qualifications, and if he claims to have resided within the State for one year or more, his oath shall be sufficient proof thereof, but he shall make proof by at least one competent witness, who shall be a qualified elector, that he has resided within the district for more than ten days immediately preceding said election and shall also himself swear that his bona fide residence, in pursuance of his lawful calling, is within the district, and that he did not remove within the district for the purpose of voting therein.

"Every person qualified as aforesaid, and who shall, make due proof if required, of his residence and payment of taxes aforesaid, shall be admitted to vote in the township, ward or district in which he shall reside.

"If any person shall prevent or attempt to prevent any officer of an election under this act from holding such election, or use or thereaten any violence to any such officer, and shall interrupt or improperly interfere with him in the execution of his duty, shall block or attempt to block up the window or avenue to any window where the same may be holden, or shall riotously disturb the peace of such election, or shall use or practice intimidation, threats, force or violence, with the design to influence unduely or overawe any elector, or prevent him from voting, or to restrain the freedom of choice, such person on conviction shall be fined in any sum not exceeding five hundred dollars and to be imprisoned for any time not less than one or more than twelve months, and if it shall be shown to the Court where the trial of such offence shall be had, that the person so offending was not a resident of the city, ward, district or township where the said offence was committed, and not entitled to vote therein, then on conviction, he shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred nor more than one thousand dollars, and be imprisoned not less than six months nor more than two years.

"If any person or persons shall make any bet or wager upon the result of any election within the Commonwealth, or shall offer to make any such bet or wager, either by verbal proclamation thereof, or by any written or printed advertisement, or invite any person or persons to make such bet or wager upon conviction thereof he or they shall forfeit and pay three times the amount so bet or offered to be bet.

And the Judges of the respective districts aforesaid, are required to meet at Bedford, on the Friday next following the holding of said Election, then and there to perform those things requred of them by law.

Given under my hand, at my office in Bedford, this 28th day of September, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty, and the 85th of Independence of the United States.

WILLIAM S. FLUKE,
Sheriff.

Sept. 28, 1860.

BROADTOP RAIL ROAD.

Arrangements have been affected between the

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD CO.

AND

Huntingdon & Broadtop Railroad Co.

BY WHICH

FREIGHTS ARE TRANSPORTED

at the following LOW RATES:

From HOPEWELL to PHILADELPHIA,

FLOUR 62½ cents per barrel.
GRAIN 31 cents per 100 lbs.

MERCHANDIZE WESTWARD,

From Phila. to Hopewell, per 100 lbs.

1st Class. 2nd Class. 3d Class 4th Class. Salt &c.
75 cts. 60 cts. 50 cts. 35 cts. 30 cts.

FREIGHTS WESTWARD

ARE RECEIVED AT THE PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD STATION, 13th and Market St., Philadelphia, and forwarded daily.

FREIGHTS EASTWARD

ARE RECEIVED at the HOPEWELD STATION of BROAD TOP R. R., AND FORWARDED DAILY.

S. B. KINGSTON, Jr.,
Freight Agent, Penn'a R. R. Co., Phila.

S. S. FLUCK,
Freight Agent, H. & B. T. R. R., Hopewell Station.

J. J. LAWRENCE,
Aug. 31, 1860.-2m Supt.

Every Day Brings Something New!

ANOTHER NEW FIRM!

FERGUSON & LINE,

AT the former stand of Ferguson & Manspeaker, are now ready to wait on old customers as well as new. They expect to sell very low for cash and produce, or to those who will "foot up" every six months. Their Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, and all other goods usually kept in stores, have been carefully selected, and bought at prices enabling them to sell at reduced rates.

Their *Shoe Department* contains every variety of Shoes and Boots, for Men, Woman and Children.

They invite a fair share of patronage from their friends and the public, and particularly solicit the trade of their country friends, expecting to deal fairly with them and all others, at ONE PRICE for everybody.

Sept. 7, 1860.

A lot of pure Maple Sugar, for sale by
A. L. DEFIBAUGH.
July 20, 1860.

ALL COMING OUT!

At a Republican meeting, Georgetown, Mass. the following song, entitled "The Quakers are Out," written by John G. Whittier, was received with eclat:

Not vainly we waited and counted the hours,
The buds of our hope have burst out into flowers;
No room for misgiving—no loop-hole of doubt—
We've heard from the Keystone! The Quakers are out.

The plot has exploded—we've found out the trick;
The bribe goes a begging; the "fusion" won't stick;
When the Wide Awake lanterns are shining about,
The rogues stay at home, and the true men come out!

The good State has broken the cords for her spun;
Her oil springs and water won't fuse into one:
The Dutchmen has seasoned with Freedom his krout;
And slow, late, but certain, the Quakers are out!

Give the flags to the winds!—set the hills all aflame;
Make way for the man with the Patriarch's name!
Away with misgivings—away with all doubt.
For LINCOLN goes in when the Quakers come out!

From Forney's Press.

Where Do We Stand to-day?

It never was a difficult thing for any Democrat to answer this question, but there is hardly one in Pennsylvania who can answer it with certainty to-day.

Every true hearted member of the party knows where he would like to stand in the coming contest, but, having surrendered the organization into the hands of unfaithful and unwise leaders, matters have become so 'mixed up,' as they say down East, that no one now knows what to do.

The 'Reading Electoral Ticket,' for example, is the work of a regular Democratic Convention, and, if presented to the party in the usual way, would have received the usual vote; but under the quackery of these 'Welshmen,' it has become obnoxious to both wings of the party, and, between the two stools, will in all probability fall to the ground.

Their manipulation has elicited—perhaps created—the fact, unknown and unsuspected until then, that the electors were not a unit; that they were divided, on principle and on men; and that, while a portion of them were in favor of *Douglas and non intervention*, another portion were in favor of *Breckinridge and slavery protection*.

And now, although this meddling and most impudent committee have backed square down from their position, have rescinded all their obnoxious propositions, and have done what they could to restore the ticket to the position it occupied on the day after the Reading Convention adjourned, and thus apparently removed the objection which compelled the friends of the regular nominees and the regular nominees and the regular platform to form their 'straight out ticket,' yet they cannot wipe out the fact that the ticket is *not* a unit, and that, therefore, no man who would have his vote establish a principle can vote for it.

In his late address, Mr. Welsh is very earnest in his appeal to the 'whole party' to unite on this ticket, and so far as he urges it for the purpose of preserving the party organization, there is force in what he says, when addressed to mere party men. But others, who prefer 'principles' to the 'organization,' reply: 'Sir, the organization of the party in the State and nation is poisoned beyond all recovery! and the sooner it is 'smashed to smithereens,' the better for all who love it; but at home, where it is pure, in our counties, our wards, and our townships, where the virus is unknown, there we will preserve the nucleus of an organization that will soon reform the party on its old true, honest and impregnable basis.'

The address also tells us of other good which a 'heavy vote' for this ticket would effect: 'It would show the South how many true friends they have in the Northern and middle States.'

Noticing, as I pass, the fact that, if the South had only clung in good faith to their true friends in the Northern, Western and Middle States, the Republican party would have no such power as it now has, I would inquire of these 'Welshmen,' which portion of the South would it encourage? If they mean those true hearted, Union-loving conservative men of the South, who are battling so bravely for *non intervention*, for the right of the people to govern themselves,' and who have ever clung to their true friends with 'hooks of steel, I answer, we are with you there. The election of some twelve or fifteen of these electors would encourage them just as much as the election of the others would disgrace them.

If they mean, however, that portion of the South who have placed in nomination J. C. Breckinridge, on his intervention and slavery protection platform, I reply that the democracy of Pennsylvania does not desire to encourage such people, or give them any hope of aid or comfort here. And if they did, they would hardly attempt it by electing twelve or fifteen men who are opposed to their measures and their candidates.

The great error of the 'Welshmen' consists in a belief in their own cunning, and the dullness of the rank and file.

When they sought to secure the success of this ticket by their Philadelphia and Cresson resolutions, they assumed an appearance of fairness towards both wings of the party, while the real object in view was to secure as many votes as they could for Breckinridge in Pennsylvania, to be added to his expected vote in the South. Are they so ignorant as to suppose that we do not see that they have the same end still in view, even though they have withdrawn their compromise resolutions, the electors being all committed, and their preferences known?

Why will they persist in following this crooked path, when a plain and honest course would insure that unanimity for which they seem so eager, and which all true Democrats desire to see? Why sail into so serious a fight under a false or uncertain flag? Let the electors treat the people fairly in this matter. Let them publish an address or pledge setting forth that they are bound by the principles of the Reading platform; that they are in favor of the doctrines of 'non intervention' and popular sovereignty; that they will cast their votes for no man who is opposed to these Democratic doctrines, but for some one who is pledged to carry them out, and the divided masses of the party will rush together in support of this ticket. This may save the State; this will unite the party. But to ask us to vote for an electoral ticket so inharmonious as this, is to ask us to make fools of ourselves; to pursue a mere shadow; to fight when we have neither men or measures to fight for. IT WILL NOT BE DONE! Unless the party can be made to rally around the principle which carried them through the campaign of '56, the majority of Lincoln will more than double that of Curtin. Will the electors think of this, or will they still be the puppets of this Welsh Committee hereafter?

W.

A LITTLE FUSION.

It appears that the "straight" Douglas State Committee met at Philadelphia last week, and withdrew the "straight" Douglas Electoral ticket, which they put in nomination, with a flourish of trumpets during the summer, resolving at the same time to support the ticket originally nominated at Reading, half made up of Breckinridgeites. There was no small diversity of opinion among them as to whether this was a backdown on their part, or not.—Some insisted that the Welsh Committee had surrendered by the repeal of *their* Philadelphia and Cresson arrangements, and falling back upon the Reading ticket pure and simple.—Others contended that the Reading electors not having pledged—most of them having refused to pledge themselves to vote for Douglas and Johnson—claimed to be the regular nominees of "the national Democratic party," and a large, if not the larger number of them, being known friends of Breckinridge, it was a surrender of the position taken by the 'straight' friends of Douglas to now withdraw their ticket, and support that formed at Reading.—One reason assigned by those who engineered this action of the Douglas Committee—and, no doubt, the influential one with them—for the course which they pursued, was that a great many of the *professed* friends of Douglas would not support the "straight" ticket, and that, therefore, the vote for it would be small, and his enemies would point to that as the extent of his popularity in Pennsylvania. As, however, Judge Douglas has himself invariably spurned all suggestions of fusion with the Breckinridge faction, as totally inadmissible on the ground of principle, those who pretended to support him and yet give their votes to the opposite faction in whole or in part, degrade the difference between them from the high ground of antagonistic principles on which Judge Douglas places it, to a mere question of preference between men and controversy about ascendency in the party.—Every fusion made in a Northern State can conduce only to the benefit of Breckinridge, because it tends to make him, who is the candidate of the South, second on the return, and to give him a chance—if Lincoln could be defeated before the people, which is beyond the bound of any probability—of getting before the House at Washington, while it utterly destroys all Judge Douglas' prospects even of reaching so far.

We are by no means sorry that this fusion has been accomplished. It gives some *show of substance* to the opposition against Lincoln—something for our friends to see and feel as pressing against them. In the totally disintegrated state of the three oppugnant factions which previously prevailed, there was such an utter imbecility that we feared our friends could not be induced to believe that there was any occasion to go to the Presidential Election at all. They had nothing to kick against, and "it wrenches one terribly to kick at nothing." Now they have at least a *figure* against them, and they will see the necessity of voting. What has become of the third element of the Foster fusion, we have not heard. The *bells* have ceased to toll, and while their *select* Committee danced attendance upon both the Welsh and Roumfort Committees, we do not learn that they received any countenance or consideration at all. The best thing those of them who are not sick of the *sell* at the October Election can do, is to vote the Reading Ticket also; it reqires no greater sacrifice of principle than it did to support Foster. True, this little fusion is a failure—real friends of Judge Douglas refuse to accede to it, and will go "straight" for Lincoln—Breckinridge men are profane enough to swear that they will strike the name of every supporter of Douglas from the ticket and it is "a'a muddle." Still it is the best thing they could do.—*Lancaster Union.*

TALL OAKS FROM LITTLE ACORNS GROW.—The New York Sun says:—Sixty years ago a Naval officer wishing to cross from Staten Island to Bergen, could find no person willing to undertake the job save a bare-footed boy, who despite the roughness of the sea, bravely rowed him to the place of destination. The officer was so pleased with his pluck that he got him a situation on a steamer, and that boy is Cornelius Vanderbilt, who is now worth $13,000,000.

The foreman of a grand jury in Missouri, after administering an oath to a beautiful woman, instead of handing the Bible, presented his face, and said: 'Now kiss the book madam.' He didn't discover his mistake, until the whole jury burst into a roar of laughter.

From Forney's Press.

The Straight Douglas Ticket.

We receive letters from all parts of the State protesting against the withdrawal of the straight Douglas electoral ticket. Many of these letters are signed by Democrats who have figured in the fore front of the party for years. As a specimen of the feeling that animates the masses of the Democracy in one of the heaviest Democratic counties of the State, we direct our readers to the communication signed "W.," in the Press of this morning.

Another Democrat writes from Erie as follows:

ERIE, Oct. 20, 1860.

I see by a telegraph in to-day's Buffalo *Express* that 'the Douglas State Central Committee have withdrawn the straight ticket, and pledged themselves to the Reading electoral ticket.' Is this so? Must the Democracy be pushed to a choice between the two interventions? I had hoped fervently that the poor privilege of at least voting upon principle, though with but a forlorn hope of success, would be left to the adherents to Democratic principles. If the choice, however, is unavoidably, the old 'priviso' doctrine, with either a white or black garb, I, for one, shall prefer the white, and stand by free institutions. If I must be sectional, I will not turn my back upon my own section.

And still another addresses us from Easton, in terms of manly indignation, insisting that the straight Douglas ticket should at once be put in the field, in order to allow honest Democrats a chance to express their sentiments.—We think it right to reprint the following corrected copy of the straight Douglas ticket, put in nomination by the same committee which has now formally withdrawn it, for the benefit of those who desire to have it printed and voted in their respective election districts:

STRAIGHT DEMOCRATIC ELECTORAL TICKET.

ELECTORS AT LARGE.

RICHARD VAUX, JOHN CESSNA.

DISTRICT ELECTORS.

1. John Alexander,	14. Isaac Reckhow,
2. Frederick Stoever,	15. George D. Jackson,
3. Godfrey Metzgar,	16. Wm. L. Gorgas,
4. Edward Wartman,	17. Joel B. Danner,
5. G. W. Jacoby,	18. Jesse R. Crawford,
6. Joseph Dowdall,	19. Francis Lacre,
7. Isaiah James,	20. J. B. Howell,
8. George D. Stitzel,	21. John Caiohan,
9. John Black,	22. Samuel Marshall,
10. George Gross,	23. Wm. Book,
11. William L. Dewart,	24. James S. Leonard,
12. S. S. Winchester,	25. Gaylord Church.
13. Joseph Laubach,	

Address to the People of Penns'a,

Pennsylvania has spoken in thunder tones in behalf of the Union, of her industry, of freedom. Her people have met the combined hosts of sectionalism, disunionism, free trade, and all others who sought markets for their suffrages; and a majority of 32,000 for Governor, twenty Congressmen, and more than two-thirds of each branch of the Legislature, attest the fidelity of our State to the integrity of our institutions, and to the common prosperity of our country.

Indiana and Ohio have joined the Keystone State in demanding that sectional discord, wanton profligacy, and the desolation of free trade, shall cease to be the policy of the national government.

The decisive battle has been fought—a nation has been redeemed from disunion and dishonor by the verdict of Tuesday last. The issue was made by our foes and accepted by our friends, and millions to-day greet the triumph as the unerring harbinger of our national disenthralment.

Let the friends of right not be content with an ordinary victory—*Abraham Lincoln can be called to the Presidency by a clear majority of the people of the United States, if all who shall rejoice at his coming will but cast their suffrages for him.* To that majority, Pennsylvania can and will contribute full fifty thousand. We have but to be faithful to our great cause, and it is done. Let every man be at his post on the great day, and the largest majority ever given by Pennsylvania to a Chief Magistrate will be cast on the 6th of November, for Abraham Lincoln, for Union, for Freedom, for Fraternity!

A. K. M'CLURE,
Chairman People's State Committee.
Philadelphia, Oct. 11, 1860.

THE SCHURZ SPEECH.—In relation to the fraud on Carl Schurz's speech, the Springfield *Republican* says:

"The origin of the shameful misquotation of Carl Schurz's Springfield speech, which the opposition papers are circulating with much gusto, is traced back to the Harrisburg, Pa., *State Sentinel*. The more respectable of the journals that copied it, are heartily ashamed of their share in the mean business and attempt to shove off the responsibility as far as possible."

The Bedford *Gazette* which copied the slander is not one of the "respectable journals."—Its principle is, "a lie well stuck to is as good as the truth."

A revolutionary soldier, 106 years old, named Isaac Daniels, is reported as living in New York in a state of great destitution.

Men do not, like snakes, lose their skins once a year, but many of them deserve to much oftener.

The talk of women is generally about the men. Even their laugh is but he, he!

SHAKSPEARE ON THE PENN'A. ELECTION.—It is said that you can find a quotation in Shakspeare to suit any event, and Mr. Hosmer, of Toledo, cites the following to show that he had the late Pennsylvania election in his eye:

"We have the heart's blood of the
House of Lancaster!"

Who else than Buchanan was intended by the demand,

"James of Lancaster, resign thy crown!
Thou hast deceived me—"
—And,
"Here behold the pale ashes of the House of Lancaster."

And then, inimitable Sir John Falstaff, in the fullness of his heart, exclaims—

"Buck! Buck! I would I could wash myself of the Buck!"

And of the Douglas, what, than this moment, did the great bard point to, when he exclaimed,

"*Douglas* is discomfited!"
—Or when he made Douglas say,
"I am the *Douglas* fatal to all those
That wear those colors on them."
Again—
"*Mother! mother! mother!* Oh, my dear
mother!
Do I see you?"

Our Hannibal was doubtless intended, in those lines put in the mouth of his enemies:

"*Hannibal* drives back our troops,
And conquers as he lists."

OUR TURN MUST COME.—"Generation after generation," says a fine writer, "have felt, as we feel, and their lives were as active as our own. They passed like a vapor, while Nature wore the same of beauty as when her Creator commanded her to be. The heavens shall be as bright over our graves as they now are around our paths. The world will have the same attractions for our offspring yet unborn, that she had once for us as children. Yet a little while and all will have happened. The throbbing heart will be stifled, and we shall be at rest. Our funeral will find its way, and prayers will be said, and then we shall be left alone in silence and darkness for the worms. And it may be for a short time we shall be spoken of, but the things of life will creep in, and our names will soon be forgotten. Days will continue to more on, and laughter and song will be heard in the room in which we died; and the eye that mourned for us will be dried, and glisten again with joy; and even our children will cease to think of, and will not remember to lisp our names."

PROVERBS WORTH PRESERVING.—Hasty people drink the wine of life scalding hot.

Death's the only master who takes his servants without a character.

A sour faced wife fills the tavern.

Content's the mother of good digestion.

When Pride and Poverty marry together, their children are Want and Crime.

Where hard work kills ten, idleness kills a hundred men.

Folly and pride walk side by side.

He that borrows, binds himself with a neighbor's rope.

He that's too good for advice, is too good for his neighbor's company.

Friends and photographs never flatter.

Wisdom's always at home to those who call.

The firmest friends ask the fewest favors.

DEMOCRATIC NUTS FOR BELL MEN TO CRACK.

BRECKINRIDGE.	JOHNSON.
"And still the large number of young gentlemen who are engaged in enlightning the people upon the Constitution of the country by the ringing of bells, with tongues as long and heads as empty as the bells they ring, shout 'disunion.' (Prolonged laughter and cheers.)—*Lexington Speech, Sept.* 5	"He declares against all fusion of any kind. He said Bell was so weak as a Presidential candidate, that he could not run down hill."—*Chambersburg Speech, Sept.* 20.

A TOO COMMUNICATIVE CHILD.—"Sonny, do you love me any!"

"O! don't I though!"

"What for!"

"Because you always bring me candy when you come to see Sissy Jane. Give me some more."

"And what does she love me for!"

"O, cause you take her to concerts, and give her so many nice things. She says so long as you are fool enough to bring her shawls and bonnets, she won't sack you no how—now gi' me some more candy."

A cheerful heart paints the world as it finds it, like a sunny landscape; the morbid mind depicts it like a sterile wilderness pallid with vapors, and dark as the "Shadow of Death." It is the mirror, in short, on which it is caught, which lends to the face of nature the aspect of its own turbulence or tranquility.

In consequence of repairs there was no coinage at the United States Mint, in Philadelphia, during the month of August. The deposits of gold, from all sources, amounted to $132,132 41. Total deposits of silver, $22,751 20.

The aged are apt to think that the world was better in their youth because they themselves were.

A steam wagon has been constructed at St. Paul, Minnesota, to run in the trade between that place and the Indian agencies.

BEDFORD INQUIRER.

BEDFORD, Pa.

Friday Morning, Nov. 2, 1860.

"FEARLESS AND FREE."

D. OVER—Editor and Proprietor.

FOR PRESIDENT,
ABRAHAM LINCOLN,
OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
HANNIBAL HAMLIN,
OF MAINE.

ELECTORS.
HON. JAMES POLLOCK.
HON. THOMAS M. HOWE.

1 Edward C. Knight,	13 F. B. Penniman.
2 Robert P. King,	14 Ulysses Mercur,
3 Henry Bumm,	15 George Bressler,
4 Robert M. Foust,	16 A. Brady Sharpe,
5 Nathan Hilles,	17 Daniel O. Gehr,
6 John M. Broomall,	18 Samuel Calvin,
7 James W. Fuller,	19 Edgar Cowan,
8 David E. Stout,	20 William M'Kennan,
9 Francis W. Christ,	21 J. M. Kirkpatrick,
10 David Mumma, Jr.,	22 James Kerr,
11 David Taggart,	23 Richard P. Roberts,
12 Thomas R. Hull,	24 Henry Souther,
25 John Greer.	

ATTEMPTED BRIBERY.

We have been informed by SAMUEL KETTERMAN, ESQ., County Surveyor for this county, that a prominent Republican offered him FIFTY DOLLARS if he would oppose and electioneer against Hon. W. P. SCHELL Mr. Ketterman, like a man and a Democrat, spurned the proffered bribe, saying that he did not keep his principles for sale. The name of the person who made this offer is withheld for the present. This is another instance of the fraud and corruption by which the Black Republicans carried the late election. Shall they go unrebuked.—*Bedford Gazette.*

How a plain tale will put down a liar. We had a conversation with Mr. Ketterman in our office, a few days ago, in relation to the article in the last *Gazette*, copied above. He stated to us, in presence of the hands in our office, "that he never authorized Mr. Meyers to publish this article, that he did not thank him for publishing it, that the person that made him the offer does not live in Bedford County, that he does not live in the Congressional district, that he does not know whether the man is a Republican or a Bell man or what his politics are, and that he believes him to be a personal enemy of Schell." We urged Mr. Ketterman to prosecute the man, but he stated that he "would rather have his neck cut off than do so or tell his name!" The whole thing looks *rather suspicious*, and persons can believe it or not, as they choose, but to our mind it may have been intended to cover some of the dark transactions of a similar character of the friends of Mr. Schell.

BLAIR COUNTY NORMAL SCHOOL AND SEMINARY.—We call attention to the advertisement of this Institution, in this week's paper. It is located in Martinsburg, Blair Co., Pa., a healthy and beautiful locality. The Principals are Professors E. J. Osborne and J. W. Dickerson, who are both well known in Bedford County—Mr. Osborne as Principal of the Allegheny Male and Female Seminary, at Rainsburg, which was brought into a flourishing condition by him. Mr. Dickerson has been the teacher of the High School in this place, and well liked by all. As a scholar, he stands high.

Ambrotypes! Ambrotypes!!

FRANK STEWART is still taking splendid Ambrotype Likenesses, at his Car, in the Square, nearly opposite the Court House.—His pictures are unrivalled for beauty and truthfulness, and are taken on the cheapest terms. Call on him and get your picture—and one for your sweet-heart or friend.

LINCOLN MEN!

The Locofocos are holding meetings all over the County for the purpose of carrying their fusion Reading electoral Douglas and Breckinridge ticket. Don't let yourselves be caught napping but get out every Lincoln voter in every district, and you will carry the County high and dry for "Honest Old Abe."

Have the Wagons Ready.

Let all our friends in the different districts have their wagons, buggies and horses on the ground to bring out the old, the careless, and the sick. Have every vote out, and Lincoln will be elected. There is nothing to prevent our carrying Bedford County, if our friends all turn-out next Tuesday.

LIME! LIME!

Messrs. Smith & Fisher have leased of Mr. Fr. Naugle, the lime kiln, just adjoining Bedford, where they keep constantly on hand the best quality of lime. Farmers should pay attention to this matter.

The official majority of Col. A. G. Curtin, in Pennsylvania, is 32,164. The table as published by us last week was not quite complete.

The Great Swindle.

The Douglas blowers and strikers are circulating the story all over the county, that the Breckinridge ticket had been withdrawn and that there was no other ticket in the field now, than the straight Douglas ticket.

The fact is just the other way. It is the Douglas ticket that has been withdrawn; the Breckinridge ticket remains in the field, just as it was nominated at Reading. The democrats, however, are not a reading people, and the most of them can be deceived with this new lie.

At the meeting of the Douglas State Committee, when the proposition was made to adopt the Reading ticket, Mr. Doughterty moved to strike from that ticket the names of Geo. M. Keim, Frederick A. Server, John G. Brenner, Joel Lightner, John A. Ahl, H. N. Lee, Chas. Kelly, Oliver P. James and Wm. C. Patterson, who have either refused to pledge themselves for, or have openly avowed their hostility to, Stephen A. Douglas and Herschel V. Johnston, the only regular nominees of the Democratic party for President and Vice President.

This motion was rejected, and the committee thus resolved to adopt a ticket one-half of which is composed of Breckinridge men, *known* to be such. The head of the ticket, Geo. M. Keim, is an open and avowed Breckinridge man, and the Pittsburg Gazette says that N. P. Fetterman, the elector for that district, is also a Breckinridge man. And yet these men are to be palmed off upon credulous democrats as Douglas men and nothing else!

It makes no difference, however. The Reading ticket cannot poll the vote given to Foster. There are hundreds of men in this State who voted for Foster, who will scorn to vote for this deliberate cheat. Foster has been beaten 32,000, and the Reading ticket will be beaten 60,000.

The Greensburg Argus, a strong Douglas paper, and the organ of Gen. Henry D. Foster, in Westmoreland county, in its issue of the 25th ult., speaking of the action of the Douglas State Committee, says:

"How far this late action of the Welsh Committee may satisfy the steadfast and true Democrats who stood by the regular nominations, in the hour of peril, we will not undertake to say. *For our part we will not soil our hands by voting for any elector whose fidelity to the nominees of the party we have reason to doubt.*"

The Juniata Register, the Breckinridge organ of that county, in its issue of the 25th ult., says:

"As far as it can be ascertained, the electors are in their personal preference about equally divided between Breckinridge and Douglas, and if elected, it is supposed that their personal choice will be carried out by their votes."

The *Register* gives the following as the reason why the Bell men were not invited to participate in the swindle.

"Some of the National men are surprised that no offer was made to the Bell and Everett men to join in a common Electoral ticket.—Those who will look at the returns of October need not be surprised for the returns have demonstrated that the Bell and Everett men in this State are either too weak for the encouragement of such a bargain, or their old feelings of animosity to the Democratic party is so strong, that they prefer the certain election of a Black Republican, than to take a course which would render the election of Bell a matter of doubt and uncertainty."

Notwithstanding the straight Douglas ticket has been withdrawn, yet a considerable number of the real and honest friends of Douglas have determined to support it. On our outside we publish two articles from the Philadelphia Press on the subject, which contain the names of the straight Douglas ticket. Read these articles.

Lincoln Electoral Ticket.

The following is the correct Lincoln Electoral Ticket. See that your ticket before you vote it, has the names of the following 27 persons upon it.

ELECTORS.

James Pollock
Thomas M. Howe
Edward C. Knight
Robert P. King
Henry Bumm
Robert M. Foust
Nathan Hilles
John M. Broomall
James W. Fuller,
David E. Stout
Francis W. Christ
David Mumma, Jr.
David Taggart
Thomas R. Hull
Francis B. Penniman
Ulysses Mercur
George Bressler
A. Brady Sharpe
Daniel O. Gehr
Samuel Calvin
Edgar Cowan
William McKennan
John M. Kirkpatriek
James Kerr
Richard P. Roberts
Henry Souther
John Greer.

A RAINY DAY.

Next Tuesday may be a rainy day. No matter if it rains or shines, turn-out, every man of you and help to swell the majority of "honest old Abe."

We call attention to the advertisement of Mr. Joseph Alsip. He has leased the old Globe Hotel, (now Union Hotel,) lately kept by Mr. Jonathan Horton, dec'd. Mr. Alsip is a clever, accommodating gentleman, and an old landlord of popularity, and knows "how to keep a hotel."

FREEMEN

OF

BEDFORD COUNTY!

FRIENDS OF

Lincoln & Hamlin!

FREE TERRITORY FOR FREEMEN!

OF A

PROTECTIVE TARIFF!

OF AN

Honest and Economical Administration of the Government!

REMEMBER

TUESDAY NEXT!

GO TO THE POLLS,

AND DO A FREEMAN'S DUTY!

AND

ABRAHAM LINCOLN,

AND

HANNIBAL HAMLIN,

Will be chosen to fill the highest offices in the Government!!

☞*Do not be satisfied with simply electing them, but do your part towards giving them a*

MAJORITY OF THE WHOLE VOTE OF THE UNION!

GIVE ONE DAY MORE

TO YOUR COUNTRY!

☞**Let every man VOTE HIMSELF and see that HIS NEIGHBOR VOTES ALSO—and thus contribute to roll up**

A MAJORITY!

IN BEDFORD COUNTY, FOR HONEST OLD ABE OF ILLINOIS!!

KIDNAPPING.

An atrocious act of kidnapping was committed in Cumberland Valley, about six miles south of Bedford, on Thursday last. Two little girls, about six years old, children of George Love, a respectable colored man, were playing almost within sight of the house, when a man rushed out of the woods, snatched up one of the children and ran away with it.—The other child hastened home and gave the alarm, but there were, unfortunately, no men about the house at the time, and the kidnapper thus got a fair start with his victim. It is evident that the villain, whoever he is, was well acquainted with the premises, and the habits of its occupants. It is believed that the child was carried to Maryland, and sold into slavery. The parents were liberated about ten years ago by a humane Virginia master, who, besides granting them freedom, gave them means to buy the land upon which they live, which they have been cultivating ever since with care and industry. They are greatly distressed about their stolen child, but we earnestly hope that it will yet be recovered. We also hope the villainous perpetrator of the deed may be discovered and compelled to do the State service in the penitentiary.—Hanging is too good for the mercenary wretch. The kidnappers have heretofore driven a good trade in catching fugitive slaves, but as that article of commerce has become somewhat scarce of late, owing to the vigilance of the masters, they are now trying their hands at stealing free children.

THE PRESIDENTIAL CONTEST.—The following statement of the position of the several States on the Presidential question, we find in the Detroit *Advertiser:*

FOR LINCOLN.

Maine	8	Pennsylvania	27
New Hampshire	5	Ohio	23
New York	35	Indiana	13
New Jersey	7	Illinois	11
Massachusetts	13	Michigan	6
Rhode Island	4	Wisconsin	5
Connecticut	6	Iowa	4
Vermont	5	Minnesota	4
Total			176

DOUBTFUL—*Probably for Lincoln.*

Oregon	3	California	4

FOR BRECKINRIDGE.

Virginia	15	North Carolina	10
Alabama	9	South Carolina	8
Mississippi	7	Georgia	10
Louisiana	6	Florida	3
Arkansas	4	Texas	4
Total			76

FOR BELL,

Tennessee	12	Kentucky	12

DOUBTFUL—*Probably for Breckinridge.*

Delaware	3	Maryland	8
Missouri	9		

RECAPITULATION.

Certain for Lincoln	176
Certain for Breckinridge	76
Certain for Bell	24
Probably for Lincoln	7
Probably for Breckinridge	20

Giving Lincoln a majority over all—counting the doubtful against him—of 49; counting the two doubtful States for him, he will have a majority over all of 60. Either is enough.

BOSH.—All the threats of disunion by the Locofoco secession press, in case of the election of Lincoln. Bosh, all bosh!

THE LAST OF WALKER.

We have finally received the particulars of the closing scene in the career of this renowned filibuster. He was forced to surrender on the 10th of September, and was thrown, heavily ironed, into the prison at Truxillo. He immediately sent for the chaplain of the port, protested his faith as a Roman Catholic, and was seen thereafter almost constantly kneeling at the feet of the priest in front of a small altar; on which, by the dim light of the tapers, the image of Jesus was distinguished.—Among other things, he said, "I am resigned to die: my political career is concluded."

On the 11th ult., at 7 o'clock P. M., Walker was notified of his sentence of death, and to this startling message the only reply he made was to ask at what hour it would be executed, and whether he had time to write.

On the morning of the 12th, at 8 P. M., the culprit marched to the place of execution, in the old Plaza de Armas. He walked with a crucifix in his hand, upon which he bent all his regards, looking neither to the right nor to the left, but listening piously to the psalms which the priest recited in his ear. He entered the hollow square formed by the soldiery in the place of execution, and there, full of resignation, he pronounced the following words, "I am a Roman Catholic. The war which I made upon Honduras, in accordance with the suggestions of some Ruatanoes, was unjust.—Those who accompanied me are not to blame. I alone am guilty. I ask pardon of the people. I receive death with resignation—would that it might be for the good of society."—These were his last words. Ten sharp rifle-cracks followed, and William Walker was no more! His dying wish was a prophecy as well—a prophecy that was fulfilled within the next few moments. His death is "for the good of society." There can be no doubt of that.

Walker's plucky conduct and his dying confession may do something, perhaps, to modify the expressions of the joy that is felt at his "taking off," but they will not remove it.—The emotion is almost universal and terribly real.—*Buffalo Express.*

HIS ENEMIES PRAISE HIM.

The Hon. Wm. L. Goggin on Thursday evening addressed the Bell and Everett party in Petersburg, Va. His views upon the stability of the Union were clearly expressed in the following words: "There could be no danger of a dissolution of the Union, no matter who was elected." His opinion of Mr. Lincoln finds no less clear expression, in the following language.

During the whole course of my connection with him in the House of Representatives, I must say that I have ever known him to be a gentleman. He is not what the Breckinridge party insinuate him to be. I wish to do justice on both sides. [Cheers.] If you want to know who Mr. Lincoln is, go and ask S. A. Douglas, with whom he stumped every county in the State of Illinois. [Cheers.] Yes, go and ask Mr. Douglas whether Abe Lincoln is a rail splitter, whether he is a Democratic *mauler* or not. [Continued laughter, and cries of 'Good'] It was my good fortune, while I was a member of the House of Representatives to be on a Committee with him. I was chairman, and I will say that no man on that Committee worked more industriously than he did. He is a man of a high order of talent, and when he spoke no man was listened to by those who were in that House as visitors with more apparent satisfaction. His private as well as public character was free from stain or blemish.—*Buffalo Express.*

THE DOUGLAS MEN TO BE CHEATED.—The effect of withdrawing the Douglas electoral ticket and supporting the Reading ticket, is thus set forth by "Occasional," in Forney's Press:

"Under the Cresson plot the Douglas men were to be cheated; under the Reading electoral ticket—as it is left since the withdrawal of the Cresson resolutions—*the Douglas men are to have no chance whatever*—and all who vote for the fusion ticket will do so with their eyes open to the fact that they are assisting John C. Breckinridge."

The Douglas men, therefore, who vote the Reading ticket will be cheated, if they vote for it under the belief that the men upon it are for Douglas. They have a right, however, to cheat themselves, if they choose.

SPITEFUL FUSION.—The National Democratic State Committee of New York, of which John A. Green is chairman, met at the Astor House on Wednesday. The Breckinridge and Lane electors tendered their resignations, and an "address of the State Committee to the National Democrats" was reported. The address is a queer document. It abuses the Douglas and Bell men roundly, and then adopts their complete electoral ticket thus:—"We consider it good policy to adopt their complete electoral ticket for our own purposes. We turn their batteries against themselves.—We occupy their own ground. We make them our allies in spite of themselves. We compel them to be our voluntary coadjutors in the election of our Presidential candidates, unless they resort to the treacherous alternative of defeating their own electors."

CALIFORNIA FOR LINCOLN.—The subjoined special dispatch was received yesterday, by telegraph, from St. Joseph, and came through to that point by the Pony Express from San Francisco. It adds immeasurably to the chance now presented, that Lincoln will carry every Northern State.—*St. Louis Dem.*

Special Dispatch to the Missouri Democrat.

OFFICE REPUBLICAN STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE, SAN FRANCISCO, October 4th, 1860.

To Messrs. McKee & Fishback:—Returns from the various county organizations and clubs, to this office, show a Republican strength in this State of thirty-eight thousand five hundred votes. If the news from the October elections in the East should prove to be such as we hope for and expect, this State is certain for Lincoln. On this you may rely.

WM. RABE, Secretary.

We are requested by our friend Jacob Reed to say to his friends and customers that he has just returned from the East, where he has purchased his Winter Stock of Goods, which he is determined to sell at *extremely low rates*, for cash or produce. Advertisement next week.

TO EARNEST DOUGLAS MEN.

Can any one name a single State in which the Breckinridge men are more numerous than the Douglas men in which the former have "fused," or allowed the latter so much as a single Elector on their ticket? There is not one from Maine to Oregon. In every Slave State the Breckinridgers go for "the whole or none." Who does not see, then, that for Douglas men to vote Fusion Tickets where *they* are strongest is simply putting the knife to Douglas's throat? Breckinridge has already 12 States in the House to Douglas's 2; and this policy will give Breckinridge at least 100 votes to Douglas's 50, supposing N. York N. Jersey, and Indiana could be carried for Fusion tickets. No man can honestly say that Fusion gives Douglas the ghost of a chance, either with the People or in Congress. Do *real* Douglas men mean to be used to elect Breckinridge? Pause and consider!—*N. Y. Tribune.*

A GOOD DISTRICT TO LIVE IN.—There is an election district in St. Lawrence county, N. Y., (Silas Wright's old home,) which is ten miles long and two miles wide. The whole number of votes given for Governor in 1858 was 160. Morgan had 150, Burrows 6, Parker 4. All of the Burrows men are now Lincoln men; two of the Parker men experienced religion last winter, and one of them a short time ago said that he had always been a Democrat, but since his conversion, he now looked at these things very differently. At the present time there is not a man in the district with sufficient assurance to declare himself for either the Northern or Southern Democracy.

THE MURDERED METHODIST MINISTER.—Rev. Mr. Bewly, who was hung in Texas by a pro-slavery mob a short time since, on suspicion of abolitionism, the Albany *Journal* says will be remembered by many who attended the General Conference at Buffalo last May. He represented the Arkansas Conference, and was recognized as a peaceful, humble, and devoted evangelist. His views of Slavery were of the mildest character, and he would be deemed the last man to thrust his views offensively—mild and conservative tho' they were—upon any community.

On his removal to Texas a few months since, he carried with him testimonials of his humility and devotion to his work. But he was a Methodist. That, in Texas, is deemed the equivalent of Abolitionism; and the devoted minister of Christ, guilty of no crime, and on the merest suspicion that he cherished offensive opinions, was hung up like a murderer!

THE BELL VOTE.—The vote of Philadelphia for Governor last week was cast—

For Curtin, 39,833 For Foster, 41,119.

For Members of Congress the vote stood—

Lincoln 39,459 Dem. 36,301 Bell 6,211.

Showing that of the Bell men 374 voted for Curtin, while 5,818 voted for Foster. It was doubtless so throughout the State. Now that the Democratic State Committee has definitely refused to put any Bell men on their Electoral Ticket, the Bell vote must be cast for its own Electoral Ticket, which of itself would carry up Lincoln's majority to 50,000.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

LINCOLN A NATIONAL MAN.—In the speech of Hon. Thomas Ewing, Gen. Harrison's Secretary of the Treasury, made at Chillicothe, Ohio, in speaking of Mr. Lincoln, he said:

"I doubt not, that from the first to the last—in his inaugural address and in his final message—he will show himself the President of the nation, and not of a section or party. Fortunately, he will not be thrown on an extreme party for support. The conservative interest nominated, and that will also elect him."

Gen. Amos H. Prescott, the latest made President of the American State Committee, N. Y., and one of the chief engineers in fusing the Bell and Douglas forces at Syracuse, has come out against the new fusion with Breckinridge, which he denounces a scheme to build up the disunionists, keep the present corrupt dynasty in power, through the foisting of Joe Lane into the Presidency. Gen. Prescott avows himself henceforth for Lincoln.

HOW LINCOLN RECEIVED THE ELECTION NEWS.—The Chicago *Press and Tribune* says: We hear from Springfield that Mr. Lincoln received the news of Tuesday's work with that equanimity that marks the man in all emergencies. Wednesday morning he received his friends as usual, and no one unaware of his position, would have suspected from his deportment or conversation that the contest had more than a transient interest to him. He bears himself gallantly and well.

ANOTHER OF HERSCHEL'S SPEECHES.—Herschel V. Johnson said, in his speech at Terre Haute, "Abe Lincoln, the great Rail Splitter—I own twenty boys (negroes;) any one can beat him at a day's work splitting rails, and give two hundred. I would prefer one of them for President so help me God to Abe Lincoln.

LINCOLN AND JACKSON.—In 1828, Gen. Jackson's majority over John Quincy Adams, in Pennsylvania, was 50,804 votes—the largest majority ever given by Pennsylvania to any Presidential candidate. We expect Lincoln to do better than that. His majority over all the opposing candidates will hardly be less than 60,000 votes.

ERUPTIONS, SALT RHEUM, ERYSIPELAS.

It is now generally admitted that all eruptive diseases depend upon some internal or constitutional cause, and that to use washes or ointments for them is a sure way to injure the system, and only to drive in, not to cure the disease. But HUMPHREYS' SPECIFIC HOMEOPATHIC SALT RHEUM PILLS are a true specific for all such diseases. They cure Salt Rheum, Barber's Itch, Erysipelas, Pimples on the Face, Ringworm, and Nettle Rash, by curing the cause upon which they depend, and by restoring the skin to the state of health and purity.—Thus, not only is the disease cured, but the softness and beauty of the complexion restored.

Price, 25 cents per box, with directions. Six boxes, $1.

N. B.—A full set of HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFICS, with Book of Directions, and twenty different Remedies, in large vials, morocco case, $5; ditto, in plain case, $4; case of fifteen boxes, and Book, $2.

These Remedies, by the single box or case, are sent by mail or express, free of charge, to any address, on receipt of the price. Address

Dr. F. HUMPHREYS & CO.,
No. 562 Broadway, New York.

Sold by H. C. Reamer.
Oct. 19, 1860.

The Chicago *Press and Tribune* says the report is not true that Lincoln has hired Douglas to go round and make speeches; but it is true that the Republican State Committee could expend a little money to no better advantage than to employ him to stump the close and doubtful Legislative districts in Illinois.

EVEN THOSE who are in the enjoyment of perfect health frequently have need to have recourse to tonics as preventives of disease. We are never too well armored against the assaults of "the ills that flesh is heir to." Such an invigorator they may find in HOSTETTER'S BITTERS—a medicine that cannot be taken regularly without giving vitality and elasticity to the system. At this season, particularly, the strongest man is not proof against the malaria, in certain sections of the country. In all cases of fever and ague, the BITTERS is more potent than any amount of quinine, while the most dangerous cases of billious fever yield to its wonderful properties. Those who have tried the medicine will never use another, for any of the ailments which the HOSTETTER BITTERS professes to subdue. To those who have not made the experiment, we cordially recommend an early application to the BITTERS, whenever they are stricken by diseases of the digestive organs.

Sold by druggists and dealers, generally, everywhere.

☞See advertisement in another column.
Oct. 19, 1860.

MARRIED.

At Blythedale, Mo., on Tuesday, September the 11th inst., by the Rev. Wm. Wallace, George D. Hall, Esq., of St. Louis, and Miss Louisa Augusta, daughter of Edward Miller, Esq., formerly of Philadelphia, Pa.

On the evening of the 11th ult., at the residence of the bride's father, in Union Tp., by Abrm. H. Hull, Esq., Mr. Joseph Ickes, to Miss Susanna Weyandt, all of Bedford Co.

In Harrisburg, on the 4th ult., by the Rev. Sam'l Yingling, Mr. Solomon H. Mumma, to Miss Anna A., daughter of Dr. Vanderlise, both of East Hanover Township, Dauphin Co.

On the 11th ult., by the same, Mr. Geo. H. Stiffler, to Mary Ann Fetter, both of Bedford Township.

On the 16th ult., by the same, Mr. E. Y. Imler, of Bedford Township, to Miss Susan McDaniel, of Monroe Township.

Near Schellsburg, on the 18th ult., by the Rev. B. H. Hunt, Mr. Benjamin Gardner, of Stoystown, to Miss Margaret L. Taylor, of this County.

DIED.

In Friends Cove, on the 3rd Sept., Mrs. Hannah Hershheiser, wife of Mr. John Hershheiser, aged 31 years 5 month and 5 days.

Sept. 25th, Mrs. Rebecca Koons, wife of Mr. Josiah Koons, aged 32 years 8 months and 6 days.

Sept. 25th, Mr. Philip Diehl, aged 21 years 3 month and 17 days.

The above are daughters and son of Mr. Solomon Diehl, whose wife preceded the family 6 weeks ago. C. F. H.

At her residence in Bedford on the morning of the 16th ult., Mrs. Mary Foster, in the 76th year of her age.

Near Schellsburg on the 4th ult., Mrs. Elizabeth Black, in the 83rd year of her age.

BLAIR COUNTY NORMAL SCHOOL AND SEMINARY,

MARTINSBURG, BLAIR CO., PA.

E. J. OSBORNE, A. B.
J. W. DICKERSON, } Principals.

THIS institution will commence its first session with an able and experienced corps of instructors on Monday, Nov. 5th, 1860. No expense has been spared in making it thorough and complete in every department.

The school building is constructed and furnished upon the most approved modern plans, and is one of the best in the State. It contains a hall capable of seating 500 adults, with office, music rooms, sufficient for a school of 300 pupils.

The school is located in a region of country unexcelled for its beauty and healthfulness, and is surrounded by a moral and industrious community.

The distance to Cove Station, Huntingdon and Broad Top R. R. is six miles; to Hollidaysburg Station, Pa. R. R. 12 miles, with daily stages from the latter and tri-weekly from the former; thus making it easy of access from all parts of the country. The objects of the school:—

1st. The Professional Training of Teachers.

2nd. The thorough Education of young ladies and gentlemen in the English and Ornamental Branches.

3d. The preparation of Students for College.

The teaching Class will meet daily for lectures on the Theory and Practice of Teaching, recitation from a standard work on the subject, or discussion of Methods of Teaching by the class.

Students who desire to do so may prepare to enter the higher classes in college.

Ladies will have a separate boarding house and will be under the immediate supervision of an experienced Preceptress.

Instruction given in all the branches taught in the best Academies and Seminaries.

Whole expense, (exclusive of Ornamental branches,) for boarding, tuition, furnished rooms, room rent, and fuel, $118,00 a year.

For circular, with full particulars, address

E. J. OSBORNE, or J. W. DICKERSON,
Care of J. C. EVERHART, Martinsburg, Blair Co., Pa.

Nov. 2, 1860.

UNION HOTEL,

BEDFORD, PA.

THE subscriber respectfully announces to the public, that he has leased the above named Hotel, in the old and well known Globe building, formerly owned and occupied by Mr. John Young, and recently in the occupancy of Jonathan Horton, dec'd, where he will be happy to see his friends, and the traveling public generally. Persons attending Court are respectfully invited to give him a call. He pledges himself that he will do all in his power to render his guests comfortable.

His Table will be supplied with the choicest delicacies the market will afford.

The Bed Rooms will contain clean and comfortable bedding.

The Bar will be supplied with choice liquors.

The Stable will be attended by a careful and attentive hostler.

Boarders taken by the day, week, month and year.

JOSEPH ALSIP.

Bedford, Nov. 2, 1860.

MRS. S. E. POTTS.

HAS just returned from the Cities with a large stock of

WINTER GOODS,

such as

DRESS GOODS

of every style, Bonnets and Ribbonds, Flowers and Rushes, handsome Cloakes, new style, Fur Capes and Victorines and Muffs, a large assortment.

Nov. 2, 1860.

A *Beautiful assortment* of Kerosene Lamps *just received* at Dr. Harry's Drug and Book store, Nov 2, 1860

PUBLIC SALE.

THE subscriber will offer at Public Sale, on SATURDAY, 24TH NOVEMBER, next, at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following valuable Real Estate, to wit: The farm on which he now resides, situate about five and one-half miles Southeast of Bloody Run, containing 75 acres, 30 acres cleared and under good fence. The land is red slate, and excellent for grain. About three acres are meadow, and three acres in clover.

The improvements are a good new two-story

ROUGH-CAST HOUSE,

good spring house, stable and other outbuildings. Also, two never-failing streams of water, and a young orchard of different kinds of choice fruit on the premises.

This farm is situate in West Providence Township, and adjoins lands of Stiles Hill, Wilson Weeks, Frederick Davis and Elias Clark.

TERMS made known on day of sale

CHRISTIAN STONER.

Nov. 2, 1860.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of Admisistration having been granted to the subscriber, living in Cumberland Valley Township, on the estate of Ann Boor, late of said township, dec'd, all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make payment immediately, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

MARTIN BOOR,

Nov. 2, 1860. Adm'r.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of Administration upon the Estate of Peter Hyner, late of Napier township, dec'd, having been granted to the subscriber, all persons indebted, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them for settlement.

HENRY TAYLOR,

Nov. 2, 1860. Adm'r

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, the subscriber will offer for sale by public vendue, on the premises, in the town of Woodberry County of Bedford, on Saterday, the 17th day of November, next,

A HOUSE AND LOT OF GROUND,

situate in said Town, adjoining Samuel Longinecker on the north and Jacob Breneman on the south, containing sixty feet in front on the Turnpike, and running back one hundred and ninety feet, and having thereon erected, a weather boarded log house, intended for two families, and a stable.

TERMS made known on the day of sale:—Sale to commence at 10 o'clock of said day.

D. L. KEAGY,
Adm'r of Jacob Keagy, dec'd.

Oct. 26, 1860.

LIST OF CAUSES,

PUT down for trial at November Term (19th day) 1860.

John Hoenstine	vs.	Adam Burk
J. W. Tate, Esq.	"	John Karn et al
Jesse Sleek's, use	"	John Cessna et al
J. C McLaughan et al	"	A. J. Snively
C. Claycomb	"	Daniel Steckman
J. W. Tate, Esq.	"	Jacob Snider
S. Vondersmith	"	Wm. Lyon, Esq.
John Eidanbaugh	"	John C. Nycum
John L. Lessig	"	Gideon D. Trout
John Cook	"	Abraham Shaffer
John W. Mattern	"	John McCanless et al
Cessna & Shannon	"	Charles Ickes.

S. H. TATE, Proth'y

Prothy's Office, Bedford Oct. 26, 1860.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of Joseph Shafer, late of East Providence Township, dec'd, having been granted to the subscriber, residing in West Providence Township, all persons indebted to said estate, are therefore notified to make payment immediately, and those having claims will present the same forthwith for settlement. ARAHAM SHAFER,

Oct. 26, 1860. Adm'r.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of Administration, cum testamento anexo, on the estate of John Clark, late of Schellsburg Borough, dec'd, having been granted to the subscriber, living in said Borough, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate will make payment immediately, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

WM. A. B. CLARK,

Oct. 26, 1860. Adm'r.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of Henry Ickis, late of Union Township, dec'd, having been granted to the subscribers, all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make payment immediately, and those having claims against the same, will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

HENRY ICKIS,
JOSEPH ICKIS,

Oct. 26, 1860. Adm'rs.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

THE undersigned, appointed Auditor to distribute the funds in the hands of Sheriff Fluke, arising from the sale of the personal property and also of the real estate of Wm. M. Earnest, gives notice that he will attend to the duties of said appointments, at his office, in Bedford Borough, on Saturday, the 14th day of November 1860. O. H. GAITHER,

Oct. 26, 1860. Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

THE undersigned, appointed Auditor to make distribution of the money arising from the sale of the personal property of John Cypher, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his Office in the Borough of Bedford, on Monday, Nov. 5th 1860, at which time all interested can attend. R. D. BARCLAY,

Oct. 26, 1860. Auditor.

Executor's Notice.

WHEREAS letters testimentary, to the estate of Sarah Sparks, late of West Providence township, dec'd, been granted to the subscriber, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands, against the estate of the said deceased, will persent the same without delay, for settlement. JOSEPH FISHER,

Oct. 12, 1860. Executor.

HATS AND CAPS.

Just received an extensive and varied assortment of Dress, Opera, Embassy and Prince of Wales Hats of beautiful model and fabric, fully up to the progress of the times comprising every variety of pattern, color and quality, from 50 cents up. OSTER & CARN.

Oct. 26, 1860.—2m

JUST received a fresh supply of groceries, such as Sugars at 9, 10, 11 and 12 cents, prime Rio Coffee at 17 and 18 cents, Molasses and Syrups of all kinds, fresh Teas of all varieties.

Oct. 26, 1860. OSTER & CARN.

IF you want cheap ready made clothing, call at Oster & Carn's cheap side, hats from $1,00 up business and over coats from $3,50 up.

Oct. 26, 1860. OSTER & CARN.

"WE aim for cheap side!" is the cry of all who are in want of a neat durable and cheap hat. OSTER & CARN.

Oct. 26, 1860.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of sundry writs of Fi. Fa. Vend. Exponas, and Levari Facias, to me directed, there will be sold at the Court House, in the Borough of Bedford, on Saturday, the 17th day of November, A. D. 1860, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following described real estate, to wit:

All Defendant, Henry S. King's interest in the following real estate, viz: All the undivided third part of seven tracts of land, warranted in the names of Wm. Lane, Wm. Forrister, George Hinish, Francis Johnson, Alexander Johnson; David Montgomery and James Hunter, containing 2,300 acres, more or less, situate on Yellow Creek, in Hopewell Township, Bedford County.

ALSO,

One tract of land warranted in the name of Swope, King, & Co, containing 237½ acres, more or less, situate in said Township and County, and known as the Bedford Forge tract, and taken in execution as the property of Henry S. King, Def't.

ALSO,

One lot of ground in the town of Woodberry, fronting 66 feet on main street, and extending back about 196 feet to an alley, with a story and a half log house thereon erected, adjoining lot of Patrick Burns on the south and lot of widow Baker, on the north, situate in Middle Woodberry Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of David W. Thompson.

ALSO,

All Defendant, Daniel Stuckey's right, title and interest, in and to one tract of land, containing three hundred acres, more or less, about 125 acres cleared and under fence, with a two story log dwelling house, log barn and other out buildings thereon erected, adjoining lands of Adam Barnhart's heirs, Jonathan Diehl, Hugh Moore and others, situate in Bedford Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Daniel Stuckey.

ALSO,

One tract of land containing 50 acres, more or less, about 15 acres cleared and under fence, with a two story stone dwelling house, log grist mill, saw mill, tenant house, and other out buildings thereon erected, also an apple orchard thereon, adjoining lands of Joseph W. Sleek, Widow Reininger and others, situate in St. Clair Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of John G. Clark.

ALSO,

All Deft's right, title and interest in and to one tract of land, containing 55 acres more or less, about 16 acres cleared and under fence; with a log dwelling house thereon erected, adjoining lands of David Brumbough, Abraham Eversole and others, situate in South Woodberry Tp., Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Adam Fink, Def't

ALSO,

Two lots of ground in the town of Stonerstown, fronting 100 feet on main street, and extending back 220 feet to an alley, with a two story log house with frame kitchen attached, log tenant house, frame wagon maker shop, and log stable thereon erected, adjoining lot of Samuel Yingling (formerly) on the east and broad street on the south situate in Liberty Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Daniel B. Long.

ALSO,

One tract of land containing 213 acres, more or less, about 28 acres cleared and under fence, with a plank dwelling house, log stable and other out buildings thereon erected, adjoining lands of Dan'l Stineman, Balser Fletcher and others, situate in Union Township.

ALSO, one other tract of land containing 41 acres, more or less, about 25 acres cleared and under fence, with a log dwelling house, with kitchen attached, and log stable thereon erected, adjoining lands of Daniel Berkhimer Samuel Griffith and others, situate in St. Clair Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Anthony Bowser.

ALSO,

One part of a tract of unimproved land, containing 360 acres, more or less, in the name of Magaret Diehl, adjoining land in the name of Sam'l Diehl, on the south, top of cove mountain on the east, Solomon Diehl on the north and Frederick Herring on the west, situate in Shover's Valley, Bedford Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of the heirs and legal representatives of Dr. Wm. Watson, dec'd.

ALSO,

The undivided half of one tract of land containing 21 acres more or less unimproved, adjoining land of King and Osborn and others.

ALSO, The undivided half of 19 acres of land, about 4 acres cleared and under fence, adjoining lands of Rathmell Wilson and others.

ALSO, The undivided half of 160 acres of land, more or less, about 30 acres cleared and under fence, with a log dwelling house thereon erected; also an apple orchard thereon; adjoining lands of John P. Anderson and others.

ALSO, One tract of land containing 5 acres, more or less, nearly all cleared and under fence, adjoining lands of Rathmell Wilson, and others and all situate in Broadtop Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Lemuel Evans.

ALSO,

One tract of land containing 175 acres, more or less, about 60 acres cleared and under fence, with a two story log dwelling house and double log barn thereon erected; also an apple orchard thereon; adjoining lands of George W. Wisegarver, Daniel Crouse and others, situate in St. Clair Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Henry Bridenthal.

ALSO,

One tract of land containing 135 acres, more or less, about 40 acres cleared and under fence, with a story and a half log house thereon erected, also an apple orchard thereon; adjoining lands of John Todd, Samuel Bowser and others, situate in St. Clair Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Martin Blackburn.

ALSO,

All Defendant's right title and interest in and to one tract of land, containing 351 acres, more or less, about 50 acres cleared and under fence, with a log dwelling house, log stable and saw mill thereon erected, adjoining lands of John J. Marks, John Wright, and others, situate in Southampton Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Isaac Blankley, trustee, and Joshua Fenneli, tere tenant, Def'ts.

WM. S. FLUKE, *Sheriff.*

Sheriff's office, Bedford Oct. 26, 1860.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the Honerable FRANCIS M. KIMMELL, President of the several Courts of Common Pleas in the counties composing the 16th Judicial District, and Justice of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer, and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of capital and other offenders in the said District—and A. J. SNIVELY and JOHN TAYLOR, Esquires, Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas and Justices of the Court of Oyer and Terminer, and general Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the county of Bedford—have issued their precept and to me directed, for holding a Court of Common Pleas, and General Jail Delivery, and Court of Oyer and Terminer at at Bedford, on MONDAY the 19th day of November next. NOTICE is hereby given to all the Justices of the Peace, the Coroner and Constables within the said County of Bedford, that they be then and there in their proper persons, with their rolls, records, and inquisitions, examinations and other remembrances, to do those things which to their offices and in that behalf appertain to be done, and also they who will prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the Jail of Bedford County, to be then and there to prosecute against them as shall

Sheriff's Office, Bedford, August 10, 1860.

WM. S. FLUKE, *Sheriff.*

Sheriff's Office, Bedford Oct. 26, 1860.

Prothonotary's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the account of John Sill and John Mower, Esq'rs assignees of Patrick Dollard has been filed in the Prothonotary's Office, and that the same will be presented to the Court of common pleas in and for Bedford County, for confirmation on Monday the 19th day of November next.

S. H. TATE,
Prothonotary.

Prothnotar'ys Office, Bedford Oct. 26, 1860.

NEW GOODS.

THE undersigned have just received a large and general assortment of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

Our present stock is very complete, and we respectfully invite our friends and customers, to call and examine quality and prices.

Cash, or prompt six months buyers, may expect, and will be offered greater bargains than ever before—all kinds of country produce wanted. A. B. CRAMER, & CO.

Oct. 26, 1860.

Hannah Carn, Adam Carn, Henrietta Williamson, Orange Williamson and O. E. Shannon, Esq., Administrators cum testamento annexo of Samuel Carn, deceased, vs. Mary Ann Woods and John George Woods.	In the Court of Common Pleas of Bedford Co., No. 1 Sept. Term, 1860. Partition Docket, No. 1.

Bedford County, SS.

L.S. The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, To the Sheriff of Bedford County, Greeting:

If Hannah Carn, Adam Carn, Henrietta Williamson, Orange Williamson and O. E. Shannon, Esq., administrator cum testamento annexo of Samuel Carn, dec'd make you secure in prosecuting your claim, then we command you, that you summon, by good and lawful summons, Mary Ann Woods and John George Woods, late of your county, so that they be and appear before our Judges at Bedford, at our County Court of Common Pleas, there to be held, on the first Monday of September, next, to show wherefore, whereas, the said Defendants hold together and undivided with the plaintiffs, two lots of ground in the Borough of Bedford, situate on the North side of Pitt street, containing one hundred and twenty feet in front, and extending back about two hudded and fifty feet, and numbered in the general plan of said Borough No.'s 184 and 185, and having thereon erected a two-story and a-half stone dwelling house store house, warehouse, also three one-story brick offices, stone stable, adjoining lot of Jacob Reed on the east, and lot of George Blymire on the west; and they the said defendants deny that partition thereof be made between them according to the laws and customs of this Commonwealth in such case made and provided, do gainsay, and the same to be done do not permit, very unjustly and against the same laws and customs, as 'tis said.—And have you then and there this writ, and the names of those summoners. Witness the Hon. F. M. Kimmel, Esq., President of our said Court at Bedford, the 30te day of July, A. D., 1860.

SAM'L H. TATE, Prot.

Attest:

WM. S. FLUKE, Sheriff.

Sept. 3, 1860, after return by Sheriff of "Defendants not found in my bailiwick," the Court direct publication to be made in two newspapers for six weeks.

By the Court. SAM'L H. TATE, Prot.

Attest.

WM. S. FLUKE, Sheriff.

Oct. 12, 1860.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

ALL persons, are hereby notified, that the undersigned accountants, have filed their accounts in the Register's office of Bedford County, and that the same will be presented, to the Orphans' Court, in and for said County on Tuesday, the 20th day of November next, in Bedford for confirmation.

The account of Solomon Rice, Executor of the last will &c. of Andrew Rice, late of Cumberland Valley Township, dec'd.

The second and final account of Joseph B. Noble, Esq., administrator *de bonis non* of David Stoner, late of South Woodberry Township dec'd.

The account of Job Mann, Esq., Trustee to sell the real estate of Sophia Morrison, late of Bedford Borough, dec'd.

The account of Alexander McGregor, Esq., one of the Executors of the last will &c., of John Hamer, late of Union Township, dec'd.

The account of Henry Smith and G. W. Householder, Esq., Executors of the last will &c. of Frederick Smith late of Colerain Township, dec'd.

The account of Elias Dell, Esq., Administrator of the Estate of Joseph Weyand, late of Union Township, dec'd.

The account of Henry Fluck, Esq., administrator of the estate of Christena Fluck, late of South Woodberry Township, dec'd.

The account of Job Mann, Esq., administrator, of Sophia Morrison, late of Bedford Borough, dec'd.

S. H. TATE,
Register.

Register's office, Bedford Oct. 26, 1860.

LIST OF GRAND JURORS,

DRAWN for November term, 1860 (3d Monday 19th day.)

Henry J. Bruner, Esq., Foreman, Peter M. Barndollar, Joseph Durborow, John Eshleman, Christian Swisole, John B. Furry, Joseph Growden, George M. Holsinger, Nathan Harley, Daniel Heltzell, David Koontz, Mathias Keeley, Philip Messersmith, Henry B. Mock, Moses McIlvane, William Oster, Isaac Reighart, George Smouse, (of John) Denton Stephens, Henry Smith, (of Frederick) John Stucky, Daniel Smouse, Stephen Weimist, John Wade.

LIST OF PETIT JURORS,

Drawn for November term, 1860. (3d Monday 19th day.)

Lenox C. Ash, John S. Brumbaugh, Jonathan Bowser, John Bunn, Esq., Isaac Berkheimer, D. F. Brown, James S. Beckwith, Isaac Blankley, Jacob Corle, William Crisman, Morgan Cessna, John Corley, Samuel W. Crisman, William Colvin, Joseph Dull, Esq., Dan'l Defibaugh, John Evans, Joseph Evans, John Feighter, Elias Gump, Esq., Jacob Kiter, William Keyser, S. J. McGaughlin, Esq., Daniel Miller, Morgan McClelland, Alexander McGregor, Jr., Hezekiah Northcraft, George Potter, Josiah Penrose, John Riffle, Joseph Sellers, William Spellman, Conrod Schafer, Joseph Stiffler, Alexander Shoemaker, Valentine Steckman, E. B. Trout, John Tewell.

Oct. 26, 1860.

CONSTABLE'S SALE.

BY virtue a a writ of Vend Exponas to me directed, there will be sold at the Court House in the Borough of Bedford, on Saturday the 17th day of November 1860, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following described Real Estate to wit:

All Defendant Joseph L. Daugherty's right, title and interest, in and to one lot of ground, containing about one fourth acre, more or less, with a plank dwelling house thereon erected, adjoining lands of John Kegy, Benjamin Over, and others, situate in Middle Woodberry Township, Bedford County.

ALSO,

All Deft's interest in and to one tract of land containing 120 acres more or less, about 40 acres cleared and under fence, with two log dwelling houses, bank barn, and other out buildings thereon erected, also, an apple orchard thereon, adjoining lands of David Brumbaugh, Benjamin Yoder, Abraham Eversole, and others situate in South Woodberry Township, Bedford County and known as the Dr. William P. Reed, property and taken in execution as the property of Joseph L. Dougherty.

JOHN J. CESSNA,
Constable of Bedford Borough.

Oct. 26, 1860.

Susan McCune, by her next friend John H. Koons, vs. Patrick McCune.	In the Court of Common Pleas of Bedford County No. 145 Sept. Term, 1860 Subpoena on Libel for Divorce.

The undersigned Commissioner, appointed to take testimony and report the same to the Court in the above case, hereby gives notice that he will attend to the duties of his appointment on Monday, the 19th day of November, next, at the office of Mann & Spang, in the Borough of Bedford, when and where all parties interested may attend if they think proper. G. H. SPANG,

Oct. 26, 1860. Commissioner.

Public Sale of Real Estate.

THE subscriber will offer at public sale pursuant to the order of the Orphans' Court, on the premises, in West Providence Township, Bedford County, on Saturday the 10th day of November next, the following

REAL ESTATE,

late the property of James McDaniel, dec'd, viz: one tract of land, being unimproved, adjoining lands of —— Fetter, on the east, Frank Collaberger, on the west, Andrew Mortimore, on the North, and Joseph McDaniel's Heirs on the South, containing one hundred acres more or less.

Also, one other tract of unimproved land adjoining the mansion property and lands of Daniel Snider, David Stockman and others, and containing one hundred acres, more or less.

Also, the mansion place of said dec'd, adjoining lands of Daniel Snider, Wilson McDaniel, Jacob Steele, John Calhoun and others, containing about one hundred and seventy five acres, one hundred acres cleared and under fence, 6 or 8 of which are meadow, balance well timbered. The improvements are a two story log dwelling house, with kitchen attached, also, a smoke house, spring house, and log stable with threshing floor. There is also, an apple orchard on the premises, and a good spring at the door of the dwelling. The property is situated five miles south of Bloody Run, on the road to Clearville.

The sale will commence at one o'clock on said day, at which time the terms will be made known.

JOSEPH McDANIEL,

Oct. 5, 1860. Adm'r.

PUBLIC SALE
OF
GEORGE B. KAY'S REAL ESTATE
IN
HOPEWELL TOWNSHIP.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, the undersigned will offer at public sale, on the premises, on THURSDAY, the 15th of November, 1860, the following described real estate, viz:

The Mansion Tract

of said deceased containing 262½ acres, about 160 acres cleared and under fence, and in a high state of cultivation. The improvements are one new log frame house, bank barn, and the necessary out buildings. This farm is one of the best in Hopewell Township, being good limestone land and having three good springs and orchard thereon, 165 acres cleared.

ONE other tract containing 145 acres, and 132 perches, about 64 acres cleared and under fence.—The improvements are two Log Houses, two Stables and out buildings. There is a good spring on the premises, and also an orchard thereon. This is good land, and in good state of cultivation.

These lands are all in a good section of country, within a short distance of the Rail Road and at the door of a ready market all the time.

TERMS:

One-third to remain in property during lifetime of widow, the interest thereon payable to her annually, one-third in hand at confirmation of sale, and the balance in two equal annual payments without interest. JAMES E. KAY,

Sept. 14, 1860.—ts. Trustee.

PUBLIC SALE
OF VALUABLE
REAL ESTATE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, the undersigned, Administrator of the estate of Michael Huff, late of Southampton Township dec'd, will expose to sale, by public vendue, on the premises, on

SATURDAY THE 17TH DAY OF NOVEMBER,

at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following described valuable Real Estate, to wit:

A tract of land situate in Southampton Township, in said county, containing 345 acres or thereabouts, with about 35 acres cleared & under fence, and a story and a half log cabin house and log stable thereon erected, and also an apple orchard thereon, adjoining lands of Artemas Bennett, Abner Tewell, Danl. Tewell, Denton Stevens, and George Baxton.

TERMS: One third of the Purchase money in hand at the confirmation of the sale, and the balance in two equal annual payments thereafter with interest, to be secured by Judgment Bonds.

JOHN JOHNSON,

Oct. 19, 1860. Administrator.

FOR SALE.

ONE lot of ground in the town of Clearville, Bedford County, Pa., fronting 60 feet on Main St., and extending back 173 feet to an alley, adjoining lot of B. A. Cooper on the West, and an alley on the East. The improvements are a good Frame Dwelling House and Log Stable.

ALSO,

Two Lots in the Town of Rushville, Jasper Co., Iowa, being lots Nos. 13 and 14 in Rail Road addition to said town.

For terms apply to the Editor of this paper.

Sept. 14, 1860.

NOTICE.

LETTERS Testamentary, on the last will and Testament of Henry Weaverling, late of West Providence Township, dec'd, having been granted to the subscriber residing in said Township, notice is therefore given to all persons indebted, to make payment immediately, and those having claims will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

MARY WEAVERLING,

Sept. 21, 1860. Executrix.

BEDFORD COUNTY, SS.

At an Orphans' Court, held at Bedford, in and for said County of Bedford, on the 3rd day of Sept. A. D. 1860 before the Judges of the said Court.

On motion of J. W. Lingenfelter, Esq., the Court grant a rule on the heirs, and legal representatives of Wm. Nycum, late of Monroe Township, dec'd, to wit: Leonard Nycum, John Nycum; Wilson Nycum, and Andrew Nycum, residing in Bedford County, Benard Nycum and Upton Nycum, residing in Allegheny County, Maryland, to be and appear at an Orphans' Court to be held at Bedford, in and for the County of Bedford, on the third Monday 19th day of November next, to accept or refuse to take the real estate of said deceased at the valuation, or show cause why the same should not be sold.

By the Court.

L.S. In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and the seal of said Court at Bedford, the 11th day of Sept. A. D. 1860. S. H. TATE,
Clerk.

WM. S. FLUKE, Sheriff.

Oct. 19, 1860.

PUBLIC SALE
OF
REAL ESTATE IN ST. CLAIRSVILLE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, the undersigned, Adm'r of Eve Ann Little, dec'd, will offer at public sale on the premises, in St. Clairsville, on Saturday 10th Nov. next, the following described real estate, viz: Two lots of ground, No. 7 and 8 adjoining David Wetzell, Geo. Heinsling, Peter Amick and Sam'l Sill, fronting on main street, and having thereon a two story frame house and stable with spring of excellent water.

These properties will be sold seperately or together, to suit purchasers.

Terms made known on day of sale.

O. E. SHANNON,

Oct. 19, 1860. Adm'r.

MACARONI Cheese, Crackers, crystalized fruit and gum candies, for sale by

A. L. DEFIBAUGH,

July 20, 1860.

Scrofula, or King's Evil,

is a constitutional disease, a corruption of the blood, by which this fluid becomes vitiated, weak, and poor. Being in the circulation, it pervades the whole body, and may burst out in disease on any part of it. No organ is free from its attacks, nor is there one which it may not destroy. The scrofulous taint is variously caused by mercurial disease, low living, disordered or unhealthy food, impure air, filth and filthy habits, the depressing vices, and, above all, by the venereal infection. Whatever be its origin, it is hereditary in the constitution, descending "from parents to children unto the third and fourth generation;" indeed, it seems to be the rod of Him who says, "I will visit the iniquities of the fathers upon their children."

Its effects commence by deposition from the blood of corrupt or ulcerous matter, which, in the lungs, liver, and internal organs, is termed tubercles; in the glands, swellings; and on the surface, eruptions or sores. This foul corruption, which genders in the blood, depresses the energies of life, so that scrofulous constitutions not only suffer from scrofulous complaints, but they have far less power to withstand the attacks of other diseases; consequently, vast numbers perish by disorders which, although not scrofulous in their nature, are still rendered fatal by this taint in the system. Most of the consumption which decimates the human family has its origin directly in this scrofulous contamination; and many destructive diseases of the liver, kidneys, brain, and, indeed, of all the organs, arise from or are aggravated by the same cause.

One quarter of all our people are scrofulous; their persons are invaded by this lurking infection, and their health is undermined by it. To cleanse it from the system we must renovate the blood by an alterative medicine, and invigorate it by healthy food and exercise. Such a medicine we supply in

AYER'S

Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla,

the most effectual remedy which the medical skill of our times can devise for this every where prevailing and fatal malady. It is combined from the most active remedials that have been discovered for the expurgation of this foul disorder from the blood, and the rescue of the system from its destructive consequences. Hence it should be employed for the cure of not only scrofula, but also those other affections which arise from it, such as ERUPTIVE and SKIN DISEASES, ST. ANTHONY'S FIRE, ROSE, or ERYSIPELAS, PIMPLES, PUSTULES, BLOTCHES, BLAINS and BOILS, TUMORS, TETTER and SALT RHEUM, SCALD HEAD, RINGWORM, RHEUMATISM, SYPHILITIC and MERCURIAL DISEASES, DROPSY, DYSPEPSIA, DEBILITY, and, indeed, ALL COMPLAINTS ARISING FROM VITIATED OR IMPURE BLOOD. The popular belief in "*impurity of the blood*" is founded in truth, for scrofula is a degeneration of the blood. The particular purpose and virtue of this Sarsaparilla is to purify and regenerate this vital fluid, without which sound health is impossible in contaminated constitutions.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

FOR ALL THE PURPOSES OF A FAMILY PHYSIC,

are so composed that disease within the range of their action can rarely withstand or evade them Their penetrating properties search, and cleanse, and invigorate every portion of the human organism, correcting its diseased action, and restoring its healthy vitalities. As a consequence of these properties, the invalid who is bowed down with pain or physical debility is astonished to find his health or energy restored by a remedy at once so simple and inviting.

Not only do they cure the every-day complaints of every body, but also many formidable and dangerous diseases. The agent below named is pleased to furnish gratis my American Almanac, containing certificates of their cures and directions for their use in the following complaints: *Costiveness, Heartburn, Headache arising from disordered Stomach, Nausea, Indigestion, Pain in and Morbid Inaction of the Bowels, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice*, and other kindred complaints, arising from a low state of the body or obstruction of its functions.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced stages of the disease.

So wide is the field of its usefulness and so numerous are the cases of its cures, that almost every section of country abounds in persons publicly known, who have been restored from alarming and even desperate diseases of the lungs by its use. When once tried, its superiority over every other medicine of its kind is too apparent to escape observation, and where its virtues are known, the public no longer hesitate what antidote to employ for the distressing and dangerous affections of the pulmonary organs that are incident to our climate. While many inferior remedies thrust upon the community have failed and been discarded, this has gained friends by every trial, conferred benefits on the afflicted they can never forget, and produced cures too numerous and too remarkable to be forgotten.

PREPARED BY

DR. J. C. AYER & CO.

LOWELL, MASS.

B. F. Harry, Bedford; Barndollar & Son, Bloody Run; G. B. Amick, St. Clearville; J. Breneman, Woodberry; Geo. Gardill, West End; J. E. Colvin, Schellsburg; and by dealers generally.

Sept. 28, 1860.

GRAND OPENING OF NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS AT CHEAP SIDE, BEDFORD, PENN'A.

THE undersigned have just opened a large and handsome line of new and fashionable DRESS GOODS, Cloths, Cassimeres, Jeans, ready made Clothing, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Glass, China and Queensware, Fresh Groceries, Spices, &c. which for quality and price cannot be surpassed in Bedford.

Having been selected from the best houses in Philadelphia, and purchased at very low prices, we will engage to sell as low as the lowest for cash or produce only. Please call and examine our stock before purchasing. No trouble to show goods.

OSTER & CARN.

Oct. 5, 1860.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of Administration having been granted to the subscriber upon the estate of Jonathan Horton, late of Bedford Borough dec'd, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims against said estate will present them properly authenticated to the subscriber at Bedford.

OLIVER HORTON,

Administrator of the Estate of J. Horton, dec'd.

Oct. 5, 1860.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of Administration, having been granted to the subscriber, on the estate of Richard Luman, late of Cumberland Valley Township, dec'd, all persons indebted to said estate, are notified to make payment immediately and those having claims will present them forthwith for settlement to Wm. Gillan residing in said township.

JOHN LUMAN,

Residing in Allegheny township Somerset Co.

Oct. 5, 1860.

NOTICE.

LETTERS of Administration upon the Estate of Worman Johnson, late of Southampton Township, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims are requested to present them properly authenticated for settlement. JOHN MORS,

Sept. 21, 1860. Adm'r.

THE
ONLY PREPARATION
Having proofs so strong and direct as to
EXPEL THE DOUBTS
OF ALL.

For Statesmen, Judges, Editors, Physicians of the oldest schools as well as new, give it their unqualified sanction, and recommend it for all cases of eruptions, and diseases of the scalp and brain; but all who have used it, unite, in testifying that it will preserve the hair from being gray, and from falling to any age, as well as restore. Read the the following:—

Oak Grove, S. C. June 24, 1859.

PROF. O. J. WOOD: Dear Sir:—Your Hair Restorative is rapidly gaining popularity in this community. I have had occasion to lay prejudice aside, and give your Hair Restoretive a perfect test:—

During the year 1854, I was so unfortunate as to be thrown from my sulky against a rock near the roadside, from which my head received a most terrible blow; causing a great deal of irritation, which communicated to the brain and external surface of the head, from the effects of which my hair was finally destroyed over the entire surface of the head. From the time I first discovered its dropping, however, up to the time of its total disappearance, I employed everything I could think of, being a professional man myself, and, as I thought, understanding the nature of the disease, but was finally defeated in every prescription advanced.

These and no other circumstances induced me to resort to your worthy Hair Restorative, which I have every reason to believe, produced a very happy result: two months after the first application, I had as beautiful a head of young hair as I ever saw, for which I certainly owe you my most sincere thanks. Rest assured, dear sir, I shall recommend your remedy to all inquirers; moreover, I shall use my influence, which I flatter myself to say, is not a little.

You can publish this if you think proper.

Yours, very respectfully.

M. J. WRIGHT, M. D.

Office of the Jeffersonian,
Philippi, Va., Dec. 12, 1858.

Dear Sir:—I feel it my duty as well as my pleasure, to state to you the following circumstance, which you can use as you think proper. A gentleman of this place, (a lawyer,) has been bald ever since his early youth, so much so, that he was compelled to wear a wig. He was induced to use a bottle of your "Hair Restorative," which he liked very much; and after using some two or three bottles his hair grew out quite luxuriantly, and he now has a handsome head of hair. The gentleman's name is Bradford, and as he is very well known in our adjoining counties, many persons can testify to the truth of this statement; I give it to you at the request of Mr. Bradford. You can sell a great deal of your Hair Restorative in this and the adjoining counties if you have the proper agents. Yours, &c.,

THOMPSON SURGHNOR.

DR. WOOD: Dear Sir: Permit me to express the obligations I am under for the entire restoration of my hair to its original color; about the time of my arrival in the United States it was rapidly becoming gray, but upon the application of your 'Hair Restorative" it soon recovered its original hue. I consider your Restorative as a very wonderful invention, quite efficacious as well as agreeable.

S. THALBERG.

The Restorative is put up in bottles of three sizes, viz; large, medium and small holds ½ a pint, and retails for one dollar per bottle; the medium holds at least twenty per cent. more in porportion than the small, retails for two dollars per bottle; the large holds a quart, 40 per cent more in proportion, and retails for three dollars per bottle.

O. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors; 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.

And sold by all good Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

August 3, 1860.—3m

PUBLIC SALE
OF VALUABLE
REAL ESTATE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, the undersigned, Administrators of the estate of Jacob Hinish, late of East Providence Township, dec'd, will expose to sale by public vendue on the premises, on

SATURDAY THE 17TH DAY OF NOVEMBER,

at 1 o'clock P. M., the following described valuable Real Estate, to wit:

A tract of land situate in Ray's Cove, in said Township of East Providence, adjoining lands of Adam Hinish on the North, Jacob Richey on the East, Wm. Gracey on the South, and John Grove and Samuel Grove on the West, (part of a tract of land formerly belonging to Philip Fisher's heirs) containing 200 acres and 15 perches more or less, about 14 acres of which are cleared and under fence, and with a story and a half log dwelling house thereon erected.

TERMS: One half the purchase money in hand at the confirmation of the sale, and the balance in one year with interest, to be secured by Judgment Bonds, or Bonds and Morgage.

HENRY HINISH,
DAVID FORD,

Oct. 19, 1860. Administrator's.

BEDFORD COUNTY, SS.

At an Orphans' Court held at Bedford, in and for the County of Bedford on the 3rd day of Sept. A. D. 1860, before the Judges of the said Court.

On motion of O. E. Shannon Esq., the Court grant a rule on the heirs and legal representatives of Wm. Kerr, late of Harrison Township, dec'd, to wit: John Kerr, Catharine, wife of Lewis Kellerman, dec'd, leaving her husband and three children viz: James Kellerman, Wm. Kellerman of Bedford County and John Kellerman of Ohio, Elizabeth wife of Jonathan Cessna of Ohio, who conveyed her share to Mary the widow of dec'd, William Jackson Kerr, Joseph Henry Kerr, Amanda wife of John Riley, Samuel Kerr, George Kerr all of Bedford County and Margaret wife of Peter Funk, residence not known, to be and appear at an Orphans' Court to be held at Bedford in and for the County of Bedford, on the third Monday, 19th day of November next, to accept or refuse to take the real estate of said dec'd, at the valuation, or show cause why the same should not be sold.

By the Court.

L.S. In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and the seal of the said Court, at Bedford, the 11th day of Sept. A. D. 1860.

SAMUEL H. TATE.
Clerk.

Attest.

WM. S. FLUKE, Sheriff.

Oct. 19, 1860.

Auditor's Notice.

Duff, Smith and Ridgely vs Daniel Trostle.	In the common Pleas of Bedford County Fi. Fa. No. 31, Sept. T. 1860 Jno. P. Reed appointed Auditor to report a distribution of the money made on sale of real estate by virtue of the above writ, amongst creditors.

The undersigned will attend to the duties of the above appointment at his office in the Borough of Bedford, on Wednesday the 7th day of November, next, at 10 o'clock A. M.

JOHN P. REED,

Oct. 19, 1860. Auditor.

Notice to Creditors.

TAKE notice that I have applied to the Court of Common Pleas of the County of Bedford, for the benefit of the insolvent laws of this

THE INQUIRER
Is published every Friday morning, in Juliana Street, in the brick building, opposite the "Mengel House," by
DAVID OVER.
TERMS:
If paid in advance, $1.50; within the year, $2.00; and if not paid within the year, $2.50 will be charged. No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid—except at the option of the Editor. A failure to notify a discontinuance will be regarded as a new engagement.
Advertisements not exceeding a square, (10 lines,) inserted three times for $1—every subsequent insertion, 25 cents. Longer ones in the same proportion. Each fraction of a square counted as a full square. All advertisements not specially ordered for a given time will be continued until forbid. A liberal deduction will be made to those who advertise by the year.
Job Printing of all kinds executed neatly and promptly and on reasonable terms.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

O. H. GAITHER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Bedford, Pa.
WILL promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care. Office on Pitt Street, three doors east of the Bedford Hotel. He will also attend to any surveying business that may be entrusted to him.
Nov. 4, 1859.

R. D. BARCLAY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BEDFORD, PA.,
WILL attend promptly and faithfully to all legal business entrusted to his care.
☞Office on Juliana Street, in the building formerly occupied by S. M. Barclay, Esq., dec'd.
March 26, 1858.

JOB MANN, G. H. SPANG.
LAW PARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned have associated themselves in the Pratice of the Law, and will promptly attend to al business entrusted to their care in Bedford and adjoining counties.
☞Office on Juliana Street, three doors south of Mengel oHuse and opposite the residence of Maj. Tate.
MANN & SPANG
June 1,—1854. tf.

D. S. RIDDLE,
Formerly of Bedford, Pa.
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
13, CHAMBERS ST. NEW YORK.
All business promptly atended to.
Dec. 3, 1858.

J. W. LINGENFELTER,
Attorney at Law and Land Surveyor,
WILL attend with promptness to all business entrusted to his care.
Will practice in Bedford and Fulton Counties.
☞Office in Juliana Street, one door North of the "Inquirer" office.
Dec. 24, 1858.

W. J. Mullin M. D.,
PHYSICIAN
AND
DENTIST.
SCHELLSBURG, PENN'A.
OFFERS his services to the Public in the practice of Medicine. Will attend promptly to all cates entrusted to his care.
He will also perform all operations on the teeth in a neat and scientific manner.
Teeth plugged and inserted from a single tooth to
An Entire Set,
Mounted on gold or silver plate, on the latest and most approved principles.
TERMS *moderate*, and all operations *warranted*.
April 8, 1858.—tf.

DENTIST.
C. M. HICKOK.
Will attend punctually and carefully to all operations intrusted to his care. Teeth filed, plugged, regulated, &c., and artificial teeth inserted, from one to an entire set.
Charges moderate, and all operations warranted.
☞ Terms INVARIABLY CASH.
Office on East Pitt street, Bedford, Pa.

DR. B. F. HARRY
RESPECTFULLY tenders his professiona services to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity.
Office and residence on Pitt-Street, in the building formerly occupied by Dr. J. H. Hoffus.
Nov. 6, 1857.

Dr. F. C Reamer,
Physician and Surgeon.
Respectfully tenders his services to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity. He may always be found (unless professionally engaged, at his Drug and Book Store, in Julians St.
Feb. 19, 1857.

NEW
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.
Great Inducements! Cheap Prices!
THE undersigned would respectfully call the attention of the public to their new and extensive assortment of
FANCY AND STAPLE
DRY GOODS,
Comprising all styles and qualities, at the very low prices. Also,
CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES,
Including a fine selection of genuine and unadulterated
TEAS AND COFFEE.
ALSO,
Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps,
BONNETS, RIBBONS, LACES,
HARDWARE,
DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES,
PERFUMERY,
AND A FINE ASSORTMENT OF
FANCY GOODS.
ALSO,
All descriptions of Leather for sale.
From our long experience, and the superior facilities we enjoy for purchasing, we can offer extra inducements, and feel satisfied that all who favor us with a trial will receive satisfaction, both as regards the quality of our goods and prices. Country produce and Tan Bark will be taken in exchange for Goods and Leather.
S. & W. SHUCK.
May 18, 1860.

GREAT BARGAINS!
TO make room for fall goods, during this month we will sell every description of Summer Goods at cost, for *cash*. Superior French and English Lawns, at half price, and many other goods, suitable for Summer use. Call and see.
July 13, 1860. A. B. CRAMER, & CO.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.
LETTERS testamentary on the last will &c., of Christian Blattenberger, late of St. Clair Township, dec'd having been granted to the subscriber, residing in said township, notice is therefore given to all persons indebted to said estate to make payment immediately, and those having claims will present them forthwith for settlement.
JACOB CROYLE.
Oct. 5, 1860. Executor.

LINDSEY'S IMPROVED
BLOOD SEARCHER,
A STANDARD MEDICINE
For the speedy, radical, and effectual cure of ALL DISEASES arising from IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD.

This medicine has wrought the most miraculous cures in desperate cases of

Scrofula,	Cancerous formations
Cutaneous Diseases,	Erysipelas, Boils,
Pimples on the face,	Sore Eyes,
Old, Stubborn Ulcers,	Scald Head,
Tetter affections,	Rheumatic Disorders,
Dyspepsia,	Costiveness,
Jaundice,	Salt Rheum,
Mercurial Diseases,	General Debility,
Liver Complaint,	Loss of Appetite,
Low Spirits,	Foul Stomach,

Female Complaints, and all Diseases having their origin in an impure state of the Blood.

The above is a portrait of David McCreary, of Napier township, who, on the 31st day of August, 1858, made affidavit before Justice Gorley that he was treated for the cure of Cancer by three physicians of Bedford County, and by Dr. Newton of the Eclectic College in Cincinnati, for a period of nearly eight months, notwithstanding which, his *lip, nose, and a portion of his left check were entirely eaten away!* He had given up all hope, when he heard of the "Blood Searcher," and was induced to try it. Four bottles cured him, and although sadly disfigured, there is no question but what this invaluable medicine saved his life. The full particulars of this remarkable case may be seen in a circular, which can be had of any of the Agents.
We also refer to the case of Nancy Blakney, of Everton, Armstrong county, Pa., cured of Scrofula after being unable to get out of bed for three years.
To the case of a lady in Ansonville, Clearfield county, who was also afflicted with Scrofula in its worst form.
To the case of George Meisel, residing in Carrolltown, Cambria county, Pa., who was so badly afflicted with Cancer that it eat his entire nose off and his case was worse, if possible, than McCreary's.
The particulars of these cases—every one of which was cured by the use of the Blood Searcher—may also be found in a circular to be had of any of the Agents.
R. M. LEMON, Proprietor.
Laboratory for the manufacture and sale, near Penna. Railroad Depot, Hollidaysburg, Pa.
For sale by H. C. Reamer, Bedford; G. D. Trout, Alum Bank; John G. Schell, Pleasantville; L. N Fyan, West End P. Office; Frederick Corl, Mariotta; G. B. Amick, St. Clairsville; Jacob Baird, Barndollors Mills; N. Koons, Willow Grove; John Bowser, Bowser's Mill, A.C. Evans, Rainsburg; B. F. Horn & Bro., Schellsburg; Hilligas & Mowry, Buena Vista; John Wayde, New Paris; Ritchey & Ramsey, Bloody Run; Piper & Scott, Fattonsville; David Beegle, Waterstreet; Wm. J. Galbraith, Woodberry; G. D. Kauffman, Flitchville; all of Bedford County.
Dec. 16, 1859.

$50 REWARD.
WAS stolen from the subscriber, on the night of the 22d inst. from the stable of David Sherbondy, about one mile west of Springfield in Fayette County, a bright bay horse, about 15½ hands high—two white feet behind, black legs, main and tail, tail long, had a small blemish on the off fore foot in front on the pasture or fetlock joint, the skin being slightly puffed, not laying like the other, entirely solid; had rather a heavy eye, thin main where collar rubs and short foretop—is a fine figure and moves prettily in harness.
Thirty dollars will be paid by the subscriber for the recovery of horse and twenty for recovery of theef. Address, FRANKLIN TAYLOR
Oct. 5, 1860. Londongrove, Chester Co. Pa.

WATCHES, JEWELRY AND SILVERWARE.
WE would respectfully inform our friends, patrons and the public generally, that we have now in store and offer wholesale and retail, at the lowest cash prices, a large and very choice stock of WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVER AND PLATED WARE, of every variety and style.
Every description of DIAMOND WORK and other Jewelry made to order, at short notice. ☞All goods warranted to be as represented.
N. B.—Particular attention given to the repairing of Watches and Jewelry of every description.
STAUFFER & HARLEY,
No. 622 Market St., south side, Philadelphia.
Sept. 7, 1860.—3m

SAVE COSTS.
ALL persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate of Samuel Brown, dec'd, by Book account or otherwise are requested to make payment on or before the 1st day of November next; all neglecting to do so, will find their accounts in the hands of a proper officer for collection, without respect of persons. The Books and Notes will remain the hands of John Arnold up to that date.
MARY W. BROWN, Executrix.
P. S. Persons in want of choice fruit trees can be supplied by calling on the subscriber.
Oct. 5, 1860. MARY W. BROWN.

BOOT and SHOEMAKING.
THE subscriber takes this method of informing his friends, and the public generally, that he has taken the shop formerly occupied by John Bessor, in Bloody Run, where he is prepared to make to order BOOTS and SHOES, of all kinds, of the best quality, and on the shortest notice FOR CASH. Work warranted to please. He respectfully solicits the public patronage.
S. P. LEWIS.
Bloody Run, Oct. 12, 1860-3m.

Administrator's Notice.
LETTERS of administration on the estate of Peter Latshaw, late of Middle Woodbury Tp., dec'd, having been granted to the subscriber, residing in said township, all persons indebted to said estate, are therefore notified to make payment immediately, and those having claims against said estate, will present the same, properly authenticated for settlement.
ISAAC K. LATSHAW, Adm'r.
Sept. 28, 1860.—*

CHEAP GOODS.
THE subscriber, having purchased the store in Clearville, Bedford County, Pa., from Samuel & Simon Mixel, continues to occupy the old stand, where he keeps constantly on hand an excellent stock of *Dry Goods, Groceries and Queensware*, of all kinds, and at prices to suit the times. He respectfully solicits the public patronage.
ISAAC MIXEL.
Sept. 28, 1860.

A large assortment of Clothing for sale cheap, at Shoemaker's store.

PRUNES, 12½ to 28 cts. per lb. for sale by
A. L. DEFIBAUGH.
July 20, 1860.

HOSTETTER'S
STOMACH BITTERS.
IT is a fact that, at some period, every member of the human family is subject to disease or disturbance of the bodily functions; but, with the aid of a good tonic and the exercise of plain common sense, they may be able so to regulate the system as to secure permanent health. In order to accomplish this desired object, the true course to pursue is certainly that which will produce a natural state of things at the least hazard of vital strength and life. For this purpose, Dr. Hostetter has introduced to this country a preparation bearing his name, which is not a new medicine, but one that has been tried for years, giving satisfaction to all who have used it. The Bitters operate powerfully upon the stomach, bowels, and liver, restoring them to a healthy and vigorous action, and thus, by the simple process of strengthening nature, enable the system to triumph over disease.
For the cure of Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Nausea, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, or any Bilious Complaints, arising from a morbid inaction of the Stomach or Bowels, producing Cramps, Dysentery, Colic, Cholera Morbus, &c., these Bitters have no equal.
Diarrhœa, dysentery or flux, so generally contracted by new settlers, and caused principally by the change of water and diet, will be speedily regulated by a brief use of this preparation. Dyspepsia, a disease which is probably more prevalent, in all its various forms, than any other, and the cause of which may always be attributed to derangements of the digestive organs, can be cured without fail by using HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, as per directions on the bottle. For this disease every physician will recommend Bitters of some kind; then why not use an article known to be infallible? All nations have their Bitters, as a preventive of disease and strengthener of the system in general; and among them all there is not to be found a more healthy people than the Germans, from whom this preparation emanated, based upon scientific experiments which have tended to prove the value of this great preparation in the scale of medical science.
FEVER AND AGUE.—This trying and provoking disease, which fixes its relentless grasp on the body of man, reducing him to a mere shadow in a short time, and rendering him physically and mentally useless, can be driven from the body by the use of HOSTETTER'S RENOWNED BITTERS. Further, none of the above-stated diseases can be contracted, even in exposed situations, if the Bitters are used as per directions. And as they neither create nausea nor offend the palate, and render unnecessary any change of diet or interruption of ordinary pursuits, but promote sound sleep and healthy digestion, the complaint is removed as speedily as is consistent with the production of a thorough and permanent cure.
For Persons in Advanced Years, who are suffering from an enfeebled constitution and infirm body, these Bitters are invaluable as a restorative of strength and vigor, and need only be tried to be appreciated. And to a mother while nursing these Bitters are indispensable, especially where the mother's nourishment is inadequate to the demands of the child, consequently her strength must yield, and here it is where a good tonic, such as Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, is needed to impart temporary strength and vigor to the system. Ladies should by all means try this remedy for all cases of debility, and, before so doing, should ask their physician, who, if he is acquainted with the virtue of the Bitters, will recommend their use in all cases of weakness.
CAUTION.—We caution the public against using any of the many imitations or counterfeits, but ask for HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS, and see that each bottle has the words "Dr. J. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters" blown on the side of the bottle, and stamped on the metallic cap covering the cork, and observe that our autograph signature is on the label.
☞ Prepared and sold by HOSTETTER & SMITH, Pittsburgh, Pa., and sold by all druggists, grocers, and dealers generally throughout the United States, Canada, South America, and Germany.
Agents for Bedford County: B. F. Harry, H C. Reamer, Bedford; John F. Lowry, Hopewell; E. B. Ramsy, Bloody Run; John Nycum, Fairview.
Nov. 4, 1859.

WASHINGTON HOTEL,
BEDFORD, PA.
MRS. S. FILLER would respectfully announce to her friends in Bedford County, and to the public generally, that she has leased for a term of years, the large and convenient brick hotel, at the corner of Pitt and Juliana Streets, Bedford, Pa., known as the "WASHINGTON HOTEL," and lately kept by Mrs. Cook.
This house is being thoroughly refitted and refurnished, and is now open for the reception of guests. Visitors to the "BEDFORD SPRINGS," and persons attending Court will find the house a pleasant and quiet temporary home. Every attention will be paid to the accommodation and comfort of guests The table will at all times be supplied with the best the markets afford. Charges will be moderate. Extensive stabling is attached to this hotel and a careful and competent hostler will be in attendance.
Special attention will be paid to the accommodation of the farming community.
March 30, 1860.

Paper Hanging and Painting.
THE subscriber wishes to inform the public that he intends carrying on the Paper Hanging and Painting business, in Bedford, and vicinity. He will put out work, at the shortest notice, and on the most reasonable terms.
He has a sample book of all kinds of wall paper, which can be seen at his office, and paper can be had from him at city prices.
He may be seen at the old INQUIRER office.
April 6, 1860.
SAMUEL RADEBAUGH.

Executor's Notice.
WHEREAS letters testamentary, on the estate of Nathan Hammond, late of St. Clair Township, Bedford County, dec'd, have been granted to the subscribers: notice is therefore hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate, to make payment immediately, and those having claims will make known the same, without delay, to
AMY DERRIN, Ex'x, residing in St. Clair Tp.,
JOHN MOWER, Ex'or, in Bedford.
August 17, 1860.

Administrator's Notice.
LETTERS of administration having been granted to the subscriber, residing in Napier Township, upon the Estate of John Ellis, late of said township, deceased, he calls upon all persons indebted to come forward and make payment immediately, and all having claims against the estate, are requested to make the same properly authenticated for settlement.
HENRY TAYLOR, Adm'r.
Aug. 24, 1860.

ALL kinds of Groceries just received, and for sale cheap, at Shoemaker's cheap store, No. 1. Anderson's Row.
June 29, 1860.

EXTRA good white wine vinegar, the best pickling vinegar in use, at
OSTER & CARN'S
July 27, 1860.

JUST received a large lot of pure white lead and Lindseed Oil, at H. C. Reamer's Drug Store.
April 13, 1860.

STILL CHEAPER, only 18¾ per doz. for good Macekral, at OSTER & CARN'S.
May 4, 1860.

HEAR WHAT THE PEOPLE SAY.
The undersigned having used Professor HUMPHREYS' SPECIFIC HOMEOPATHIC REMEDIES in our families with the most satisfactory results, and having full confidence in their genuineness, purity, and efficacy, cheerfully recommend them to all persons who wish to have safe, reliable, and efficacious remedies at hand for private or domestic use.
The Rev. Wm. Hosmer, editor of "The Northern Independent," Auburn, N. Y.; the Rev. E. H. Cressey, D.D., Rector of St. Peter's Church, Auburn, N. Y.; the Rev. B. I. Ives, Chaplain of the Auburn State Prison; the Rev. Spencer M. Rice, Rector, New-Bedford, Mass.; the Rev. Allen Steele, New-York Conference; the Rev. Samuel Nichols, East-Genesee Conference, N. Y.; the Rev. P. S. Pratt, Dorset, Vt.; the Rev. John E. Robie, Buffalo; A. C. Hart, Esq., Utica, N. Y.; the Hon. Neal Dow, Portland, Me.; the Hon. Schuyler Colfax, South-Bend, Ind.; the Hon. George Humphreys, N. Y.; Henry D. Cook, Esq., Editor of The Ohio State Journal, Columbus, Ohio; the Hon. R. H. Graham, Moline, Ill.; the Hon. Thomas J. Chase, Monticello, Fla.; the Hon. Joseph Benedict, Utica, N. Y.; Wm. Bristol, Esq., Utica, N. Y.; A. S. Pond, Esq., Utica, N. Y.; James Plunkett, Esq., Nashville, Tenn.

LIST OF SPECIFIC REMEDIES.
No. 1.—For Fever, Congestion, and Inflammation.
No. 2.—For Worm Fever, Worm Colic, Wetting the Bed.
No. 3.—For Colic, Crying, Teething, and Wakefulness of Infants.
No. 4.—For Diarrhea, Cholera Infantum, and Summer Complaints.
No. 5.—For Colic, Griphing, Dysentery, or Bloody Flux.
No. 6.—For Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Vomiting.
No. 7.—For Coughs, Colds, Influenza, and Sore Throat.
No. 8.—For Tooth-ache, Face-ache, and Neuralgia.
No. 9.—For Headache, Vertigo, Heat and Fullness of the Head.
No. 10.—DYSPEPSIA PILLS.—For Weak and Deranged Stomach, Constipation, and Liver Complaint.
No. 11.—FOR FEMALE IRREGULARITIES, Scanty, Painful, or Suppressed Periods.
No. 12.—For Leucorrhea, Profuse Menses, and Bearing Down of Females.
No. 13.—For Croup, Hoarse Cough, Bad Breathing.
No. 14.—SALT RHEUM PILLS.—For Erysipelas, Eruptions, Pimples on the Face.
No. 15.—RHEUMATIC PILLS.—For Pain, Lameness, or Soreness in the Chest, Back, Loins, or Limbs.
A.—For Fever and Ague, Chill Fever, Dumb Ague, Old Misanswered Agues.
B.—For Piles, Blind or Bleeding, Internal or External.
C.—For Sore, Weak, or Inflamed Eyes and Eyelids; Failing, Weak, or Blurred Sight.
C.—For Catarrh, of long standing or recent, either with obstruction or profuse discharge.
W. C.—For Whooping Cough, abating its violence and shortening its course.
In all acute diseases, such as Fevers, Inflammations, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Croup, Rheumatism, and such eruptive diseases as Scarlet Fever, Measles, and Erysipelas, the advantage of giving the proper remedies promptly is obvious, and in all such cases the specifics act like a charm. The entire disease is often arrested at once, and in all cases the violence of the attack is moderated, the disease shortened, and rendered less dangerous.
Coughs and Colds, which are of such frequent occurrence, and which so often lay the foundation of diseased lungs, bronchitis and consumption, may all be at once cured by the Fever and Cough Pills.
In all chronic diseases, such as Dyspepsia, Weak Stomach, Constipation, Liver Complaints, Piles, Female Debility, and Irregularities, old Headaches, Sore or Weak Eyes, Catarrh, Salt Rheum, and other old eruptions, the case has specifics whose proper application will afford a cure in almost every instance. Often the cure of a single chronic difficulty, such as Dyspepsia, Piles or Catarrh, Headache or Female Weakness, has more than paid for the case ten times over.

PRICE.
Case of 20 vials complete, in morocco, and Book.....$5
Case of 20 vials, and Book, plain.....4
Case of 15 numbered boxes, and Book.....2
Case of 6 boxes, numbered, and Book.....1
Single numbered boxes, with directions.....25 cents.
Single lettered boxes, with directions.....50 cents.
Large case of 2 oz. vials, for planters and physicians....$15

ALSO SPECIFICS.
FOR ASTHMA OR PHTHISIC.—Oppressed, Difficult, Labored Breathing, attended with Cough and Expectoration. Price, 50 cents per box.
FOR EAR DISCHARGES AND DEAFNESS.—Discharges from the Ear, the result of Scarlet Fever, Measles, or Mercurials. For Noises in the Head, Hardness of Hearing, and Ringing in the Ears, and Ear-ache. Price, 50 cents per box.
FOR SCROFULA.—Enlarged Glands, Enlarged and Indurated Tonsils, Swellings and Old Ulcers, Scrofulous Cachexy of Children. Price, 50 cents per box.
FOR GENERAL DEBILITY.—Physical or Nervous Weakness, Either the result of Sickness, Excessive Medication, or Exhausting Discharges. Price, 50 cents per box.
FOR DROPSY.—Fluid Accumulations, Timid Swellings, with Scanty Secretions. Price, 50 cents per box.
FOR SEA-SICKNESS.—Deathly Sickness, Vertigo, Nausea, Vomiting. Sickness from riding or motion. Price, 50 cents per box.
FOR URINARY DISEASES.—For Gravel, Renal Calculi, Difficult, Paluful Urination, Diseases of the Kidneys. Price, 50 cents per box.
FOR SEMINAL EMISSIONS.—Involuntary Discharges and Consequent Prostration and Debility, Bad Results of Evil Habits. The most successful and efficient remedy known, and may be relied upon as a cure. Price, with full directions, $1 per box.
Persons who wish to place themselves under the professional care, or to seek advice of Prof. HUMPHREYS, can do so, at his office 562 Broadway, daily from 8 A.M. to 8 P.M. or by letter.
OUR REMEDIES BY MAIL.
Look over the list; make up a case of what kind you choose, and inclose the amount in a current note or stamps by mail to our address, at No. 562 Broadway, New-York, and the medicine will be duly returned by mail or express, free of charge.
AGENTS WANTED.—We desire an active, efficient Agent for the sale of our Remedies in every town or community in the United States. Address Dr. F. HUMPHREYS & Co.
No. 562 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.
Sold by H. C. Reamer.
May 4, 1860.

GOOD NEWS.
THE TRAIN HAS ARRIVED!
J. M. SHOEMAKER & CO.,
HAVE just received a large and carefully selected Stock of
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,
which they are determined to sell cheap, consisting in part of Black and Fancy Silks, Bombazines, Delaines, Shawls, Calicoes, Flannels, Ginghams, Muslins, White Goods, &c. ALSO, Men's Wear of all descriptions, such as Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinetts, Tweeds, Jeans, Cord Drillings, Clothing, &c.
BOOTS, SHOES, HATS and CAPS.
A very large assortment of Ladies' and Gents' Boots and Shoes, all prices, sizes and qualities; and Hats and Caps, to suit all.
ALSO, A large assortment of Queensware, and Hardware, Single and Double Carpet chain, Fleece Cotton, Carpets, &c.
GROCERIES!
This department is supplied with the very choicest articles that can be had in market, and as cheap as can be had anywhere, consisting in part of prime Rio Coffee, Sugar, all kinds and prices, Syrup and Molasses, Black and Green Teas, Spices, Rice, Tobacco, Segars; Corn Starch, Dye Stuffs, Cocoa, Starch, Cheese, Ginger, Candles, Mustard, Paints and Oils, Turpentine, Fish, &c., &c., Thankful for past favors they hope to receive a liberal share of public patronage.
To Cash Buyers and to persons of undoubted standing, who are willing to settle once a year.—Great Bargains will be given. Call and see.
J. M. SHOEMAKER & CO.
April 13, 1860.

ARRIVAL OF THE JAPANESE.
NEW GOODS,
AT
JACOB REED & CO.'S,
Bedford, Pa.,
WE would inform our friends and customers, that we have just received from the eastern cities, a large and well selected stock of
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,
which they are determined to sell at the lowest 'living' prices. All kinds of summer wear, from the finest to the commonest, ladies' dress goods of every description, fancy goods, and everything usually kept in dry goods stores, (and, perhaps, something besides) groceries, queensware, &c. &c., can now be found at their store in every variety and assortment.
THEIR SHOE DEPARTMENT,
is well supplied with the best stock that can be obtained. For style as well as durability, they cannot be surpassed in this line.
TERMS: Cheap for cash, or approved country produce, or six months credit to punctual dealers. Give us a call, and you shall be waited upon with pleasure.
June 1, 1860.

FOR GOOD SHOES,
GO to OSTER & CARN, they have just received a second supply of D. R. KING & Co.'s city made, Ladies, Misses and Childrens' fine shoes, with and without Heels.
July 13, 1860.—2m.

MOFFAT'S
Vegetable Life Medicines.
A mild yet effectual medicine, composed of the best material known to medical science, for the cleansing of the alimentary canal and relieving the springs and avenues of life of all morbid obstructions and impurities, must be a public blessing and a domestic and individual protection and safeguard, in proportion as it becomes known. Such a medicine the families of the United States have long had in MOFFAT'S CELEBRATED LIFE PILLS AND PHŒNIX BITTERS, and the good they have done is inestimable. They have won their high fame and firmly established character by their virtues alone, without the aid of the usual arts of notority or impudent experiment on the faith of the credulous.
In all general derangments of the digestive and alimentary functions, as well as in a vast variety of acute and chronic diseases, their effects are prompt and complete as to excite astonishment.
In rheumatism, settled pain in the organs and limbs, costiveness, piles, liver compiaints, jaundice, nervous and bilious attacks, headaches, fever and ague, eruptive diseases, bad aspect of the complexion, indigestion and flatulency, cholics, affections of the bladder and kidneys, dropsy, asthma and bronchitis, rheumatic colds and sore throats, and indeed in almost every conceivable kind of ill health they are invaluable, and will afford certain, and most generaly permanent relief. They require neither confinement nor change of diet—they neither prostrate the strength nor give pain—and a more delightful and effectual medicine cannot be procured either for individuals or families.
The proprietor has received for many years and is continually receiving the most fervent and grateful testimonials of their value. Prepared and sold by DR. WM. B. MOFFAT, 335 Broadway, and also by the agents.
Feb. 17, 1860.

GROCERY
AND
CONFECTIONARY.
THE undersigned has just received and keeps constantly on hand the following articles:—
Coffee, sugar, molasses, cheese, crackers, currants, prunes, raisins, figs, almonds, filberts, cocoa nuts, ground nuts, pecans, Eng. walnuts, cream nuts, candies in variety, oranges, lemons, tobacco and cigars, allspice and pepper, spices of all kinds, baking soda, cream of tarter, sulphur, brimstone, canister and keg powder, shot, caps and lead, grain and grass scythes, whetting tools, wash tubs and boards, indigo, extract logwood, copperas, alum and madder, oil, polish and Mason's blacking, sweeping, dusting stove, shoe and scrubbing, brushes, clothes, hair, tooth and flesh brushes, hat and infant brushes, hair oils and perfumery, purses and port monaies, pocket and memorandum books, bonnet and round gum combs, "ridding" and fine combs, bracelets and beads, pens, pen-holders, penknives, scissors, knife-sharpeners, umbrellas, suspenders, spool cotton and floss, clocks, small looking glasses, violins, violin strings, toy watches, watch chains, curry combs, cards, horse brushes, shoe-thread, pegs and sparables, Johnson's Arabian Liniment, Rock and Little's White Oil, Merchant's celebrated Gargling Oil, for man or beast, and many other articles of a similar nature. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.
A. L. DEFIBAUGH.
July 1, 1859.—zz

A MAP OF BEDFORD COUNTY.
I PROPOSE to make a directory Map of Bedford County from actual surveys, if a sufficient number of subscribers can be raised to warrant the undertaking.
The map will show the location of all the citizens, and also their places of business such as stores, Post Offices, Hotels, Manufacturing establishments, Grist Mills, Saw Mills, Shops, &c., also the location of all the public roads, boundary lines, streams, mountains, &c.
Maps of all the towns and large villages will be put on the same sheet, also statistical tables of the County, and (if taken in time) the census of 1860.
EDWD. L. WALKER.
P. S. I can furnish any one desirous of getting a map of the United States with a cheap and late edition.
July 1, 1859.

BEDFORD
MACHINE SHOP!
THE subscriber would most respectfully announce to the farming community, and public in general, that he still continues to manufacture at his shop, in Bedford, Pa., the following farming utensils of the very best material, and in the most workmanlike manner, viz:
Four and Six Horse Tumbling Shaft Power Machines,
with large open cylinders, six staves, and spikes screwed in, and improved Straw Shakers attached. Their superior for strength and speed are not made in this or any other County in the State.
Four Horse Tumbling Shaft and Strap Power Machine, with cylinder open or shut, as may be desired, for convenience, ease of draft, and perfect working, this machine has no superior any where. THREE HORSE MACHINES, of the same kind. *Two and three Horse Tumbling Shaft Power Machines*, a very convenient and excellent machine for small farmers, with or without shakers, *single and double Shovel Ploughs, Horse Rakes, Lever Cutting Boxes, Harrows and Wheelbarrows*, made to order.
All the above articles constantly on hand, and sold on reasonable terms.
Repairing of all kinds of Machines, whether made here or elsewhere, done on the shortest notice.
Castings for all my Machines, made at the Foundry of Shires & Jordan, in Bedford, and will compare with any made in the State for strength and durability. Blacksmithing done to order. All my work warranted to give satisfaction.
From a past experience of over twenty years in the Machine business, I feel confident that I can give entire satisfaction to all who may favor me with a call. Call and examine my work before you purchase elsewhere, as I am determined to please all.
Horses, grain of all kinds, lumber and iron, will be taken in exchange for work.
PETER H. SHIRES,
June 1, 1860.—6m. *Machinist.*

MENGEL HOUSE,
JULIANA STREET,
BEDFORD, PA.
THE subscriber, having renovated and refurnished this old established House, is now prepared to receive guests. He invites his friends and the traveling public to give him a call. Having new furniture, new beds, and everything necessary to render hearty cheer to those in want of a temporary home, he flatters himself that those who stay with him, will find themselves at the right place.
He is fully prepared to receive visitors to the Spring, and all having business with the courts or otherwise.
Ample stabling and carriage house is attached to the Hotel.
Boarders will be received on favorable terms.
ISAAC MENGEL, JR.
April 13, 1860.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
LETTERS of administration on the estate of James M. Daniel, late of West Providence Township, Bedford County, dec'd, having been granted to the subscriber, residing in said Township, notice is therefore hereby given, to all persons, indebted to said estate, to make payment immediately, and those having claims to present them forthwith for settlement.
JOSEPH M. DANIEL,
August 10, 1860. Adm'r.

SECOND ARIVAL OF SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS!—J. M. Shoemaker & Co's. have Just Returned from the East, and are now receiving a very large and splendid stock of all kinds of goods, which they will sell cheap. Give them a call.
June 22, 1860.

Drugs and Books.
H. C. REAMER,
Juliana Street, Bedford, Pa.,
(At the Stand formerly occupied by Dr. F. C. Reamer,

WHOLESALE and retail dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Dye Stuffs, Oils, Paints, Varnishes, Turpentine, Window Glass, Glassware, &c. Jus received a large stock of American, French, an English perfumery. Also a great variety of fine Soaps for Toilet use. Tooth pastes, Hair Tonics, Hair Dyes, that will colour various shades, from a light brown to a jet black, Tooth, Nail, Hair, Shaving, and Clothes brushes, Combs, Pocket Knives, Pocket Books, Portmonnais, Segar cases, &c.,
Also, have and will keep constantly on hand a supply of Coal Oil. Burning fluid and Camphine, with a great variety of the most modern and best style of coal oil and fluid lamps.
Pure Wines and Brandies for medical use, Flavoring Extracts and Spices of all sorts, Fine Segars, Snuffs, Chewing and Smoking Tobacco.
Having the agency for all the principal patent medicines in use will keep a full supply constantly on hand.
Also, dealer in Books, &c., consisting of Geographical, Scientific, Religous, Poetical, Historical, Law, Medical, School and Miscellaneous Works in connection with a great variety of plain and fancy Stationery, Cap, Note, Post, and wrapping Paper, Blank Books, of every size and quality, Diaries, Blank Deeds, Mortgages, Note and Receipts.
☞ Orders promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed, with regard both to price and quality.
☞ Physicians Prescriptions carefully and accurately compounded at all hours of the day or night.
Dec. 9, 1859.

SPRING FASHIONS.
MRS. S. E. POTTS has returned from the cities, having completed her spring purchases, and is now prepared to offer extra inducements in the way of
Rich Fancy Goods.
Her stock consists of some rare styles and latest novelties of the season.
Silk and lace mantillas are composed of the newest styles of the season.
Crape de paris, dusters, rich silks, handsome ordigan, lawn robes.
Flounced summer silks, dress goods of all kinds.
STULLA SHAWLS,
black and colored center printed bordered stulla, brocha bordered stulla, printed chamois shawls, childrens capes, comprising of the largest assortment of shawls, straw goods, large stock of new styles of bonnets, straw and silk, English straw bonnets, braid bonnets, pamella bonnets, fancy straws, six hundred pieces of rich ribbons at 25 cts. per yard, purchased at auction and can be sold cheap, bonnet rushes, bonnet silk, mitts, kid gloves, hosiery, fans, soap and perfumery, fancy goods of all descriptions, dress trimmings, flats and hats, trimmed and untrimmed. She will be still adding to her large stock every week during the summer, new desirable and fashionable goods. Mourning dress goods and dusters to suit.
June 1, 1860.

FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP.
THE subscribers having formed a partnership under the style of "Dock & Ashcom" for the purpose of conducting a general
FOUNDRY AND MACHINE
business in the establishment recently erected by Gilliard Dock, in Hopewell, Bedford county, are now prepared to execute orders for *CASTINGS AND MACHINERY* of every description. They will build to order steam-end gines, coal and drift-cars, horse powers and threshing machines—also, casting of every kind for furnaces, forges, saw, grist and rolling mills, ploughs, water-pipe, columns, house fronts, brackets, &c., &c.
They are also, now making a fine assortment of STOVES of various kinds of the latest patterns and most approved styles, including several sizes of COOK STOVES of the best make, heating stoves for churches, offices, bar-rooms, &c.
A full assortment of Stoves will be kept constantly on hand, and sold at wholesale and retail, at prices to suit the times, and quality warranted equal to the best eastern make. Machinery of all kinds repaired promptly. Patterns made to order.
GILLIARD DOCK,
G. W. ASHCOM.
Nov. 6, 1857,

Commonwealth Insurance Company,
UNION BUILDINGS, THIRD STREET,
HARRISBURG, PA.
CHARTERED CAPITAL, $300,000.
INSURE BUILDINGS AND OTHER PROPERTY AGAINST LOSS OR DAMAGE BY
FIRE.
ALSO
Against Perils of the Sea, Inland Navigation and Transportation.
Directors.
Simon Cameron, Geo. M. Lauman, Wm. Dock, Eli Slifer, James Fox, Geo. Bergner, Benj. Parke, Wm. H. Kepner, A. B. Warford, W. F. Murray, F. K. Boas, John H. Berryhill, Wm. F. Packer.
Officers.
SIMON CAMERON, Pres't. BENJ. PARKE, Vice Pres't.
S. S. CARRIER, *Secretary.*
J. W. LINGENFELTER, *Agent,* Bedford Pa.
Oct. 7, 1859.

JACOB REED. G. W. RUPP. JOHN J. SCHELL.
REED RUPP & SCHELL
Bankers, and Dealers in Exchange.
Bedford, Pa.
DRAFTS bought and sold, Collections made, and money promptly remitted.
Deposites solicited.
References: Hon. Job Mann, Bedford, Pa.
John